### **Division 3 – LANDSCAPING**

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### 3.1 - Purpose and enforcement.

**<u>1.</u>** The purpose of this section is to [set forth] establish landscaping standards for new and expanded development within the city, <u>to</u> enhance the aesthetic appearance of the community, including the visual appearance of streets, <u>to</u> complement the visual effect of buildings, <u>to</u> aid in the enhancement of property values, <u>to</u> provide buffers between various land uses, <u>to</u> provide protection from intense land use activities, <u>to</u> insulate from the effects of weather conditions, including the provision shading for parking lots, and <u>to</u> aid in conserving water by encouraging the use of varieties of plants indigenous to arid regions. These standards [shall] <u>are established to</u> be the minimum requirements necessary for the promotion of the foregoing purposes. Text and diagrams describing landscaping and irrigation requirements, planting details, approved tree and shrub lists and other examples for the requirements of this [division] landscaping section are in the [appendix] Landscaping Appendix attached to this section[, and available on the Carson City website and on CD at the planning division office].

2. Enforcement. The standards of this Division are enforced under CCMC 18.020.030

### (Enforcement).

(Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

#### 3.2 - Applicability.

1. These landscaping standards apply to new construction and expansion of existing buildings and uses within all zoning districts excluding single-family residential zoning districts.

[These landscape standards shall apply to new construction of the following projects: Multi-family Residential with 3 or more units;

- Institutional Uses:
- Office Uses:
- Commercial Uses;
- Industrial Uses; and

Public Uses.]

2. [The director] Notwithstanding other provisions of this section relating to deviations to certain landscaping standards or requirements, the Director may approve variations to the standards set out in this division if they respond more appropriately to a particular site and provide equivalent means of achieving the intent of the landscape standards.

<u>3.</u> Any expansion of [a] <u>an existing</u> building <u>or existing site improvements</u> not in compliance with the landscape requirements in this [division and Title 18 of the Carson City Municipal Code] <u>section</u> must comply with landscape standards by [twice] the proportion to the expansion pursuant to Table 3.1 (Expansion Compliance).

Expansion	Compliance
Amount of Building Expansion:	Landscaping Compliance Requirement
[ <del>≤ 5% Building Expantion</del> ] <u>Not more than 5</u> percent	No [Requirements] additional requirements
[ <u>≤ 10% Building Expantion</u> ] <u>Not more than 10</u> <u>percent</u>	20[% of Landscape Requirements] percent of landscaping requirements for the entire site
[ <del>≤ 20% Building Expantion</del> ] <u>Not more than 20</u> <u>percent</u>	40[% of Landscape Requirements] percent of landscaping requirements for the entire site
[ <del>≤30% Building Expantion</del> ] <u>Not more than 30</u> <u>percent</u>	60[% of Landscape Requirements] percent of landscaping requirements for the entire site
[ <del>≤ 40% Building Expantion</del> ] <u>Not more than 40</u> <u>percent</u>	80[% of Landscape Requirements] percent of landscaping requirements for the entire site
[ <u>≤ 40% Building Expantion</u> ] <u>More than 40 percent</u>	100[% of Landscape Requirements] percent of landscaping requirements for the entire site

Table 3.1Expansion Compliance

(Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

# 3.3 - Landscape and irrigation plans.

1. A landscape and irrigation plan shall be filed with the city and approved by the [director] Director prior to the approval of a site plan or issuance of a building permit. The plan shall be prepared by a landscape architect registered in the state of Nevada, or other person permitted to prepare landscape plans pursuant to Chapter 623A of the Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS). Landscaping on all commercial[/] and industrial projects must be installed or supervised by an individual at the job location with at least one of the following credentials: Certified Landscape Technician, Licensed Landscape Contractor, Certified Landscape Professional, ISA Certified Arborist, Registered Landscape Architect, a C10 Qualified Employee as recognized by the State Contractor's Board, or an equivalent certification, approved by the parks and recreation department.

[3.3.1] 2. The landscape and irrigation plan [shall] must be clearly and neatly drawn in a commonly used scale such as engineer or architect (i.e., 1 inch equals 20 feet or <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> inch equals 1 foot) and shall include a north arrow, owner/developer name, project location, location of adjacent streets, property lines, easements, sidewalks, drives, paved areas, sign and light standard locations, building outlines, eaves, topography and grading, existing trees or other natural features influencing the use of the site, utilities either overhead or underground and ground-mounted equipment such as vaults, transformers and air conditioning units.

[3.3.2] 3. The plans [shall] must include landscape calculations relevant to the application of the standards of this section and [shall] must include a plant list in a legend format giving the common and botanical names of each plant with a key number or identifying symbol assigned to each plant, the size of the plant, its spacing and the quantity to be used.

[3.3.3] <u>4.</u> The landscape plans [shall] <u>must</u> include construction details for planting, staking, soil amendments and any special requirements for the project [and may be an attachment to the plans].

[3.3.4] <u>5.</u> Irrigation plans [shall] <u>must</u> be drawn at the same scale as the landscape plans and <u>must</u> include specifications which comply with the most current Uniform Plumbing Code as adopted by the [eity] <u>City</u>. [On all submitted plans, provide] detail] <u>Detail</u> showing number of emitters/bubblers and rate or gallons per hour (gph) or gallons per minute (gpm) [or] <u>for</u> all plants and trees <u>must be provided</u>. See emitter detail in [appendix] <u>the Landscaping Appendix</u> for example.

[3.3.5] <u>6.</u> Identification and description of automatic irrigation components <u>must be provided</u> to insure that vegetation is adequately serviced through water conserving features. Overhead sprinkler irrigation is only allowed on turf areas or other areas requiring overhead sprinkler irrigation.

[3.3.6] <u>7</u>. All drip and bubbler irrigation systems for trees and shrubs must be on a separate irrigation zone from turf irrigation zones. The utilization of water savings irrigation design [is encouraged.] and incorporation of separation of irrigation zones based on water needs is encouraged.

[3.3.7] <u>8.</u> [Indication] <u>Location</u> of the irrigation system point of connection to the water supply and size, water pressure available, and maximum demand of the system in gallons per hour/minute [shall] <u>must</u> be provided.

[3.3.8] 9. Irrigation equipment specified must be identified by manufacturer's name and equipment identification number.

[3.3.9] <u>10.</u> All equipment locations [shall] <u>must</u> be indicated for irrigation valves, controllers, hydrants, quick coupler valves, sprinkler heads, backflow preventors and pipe sizing.

[3.3.10] <u>11.</u> Additional irrigation details may be needed to clarify particular situations as shown in typical irrigation legend in the <u>Landscaping</u> Appendix.

[3.3.11] <u>12.</u> Typical details [shall] <u>must</u> include backflow prevention devices, backflow enclosure valves, irrigation heads and irrigation controllers. [Note that pressure] <u>Pressure</u> vacuum breakers are allowed for residential applications, and reduced pressure principle backflow prevention devices are required in all other applications.

[3.3.12] 13. All below ground equipment must be located within boxes of adequate size to protect the components.

[3.3.13] 14. Schedule 40 PVC pipe is required for all pressure lines and under all paved areas.

[3.3.14] <u>15.</u> Piping must be installed a minimum of 18 inches underground for non-pressure irrigation lines and 24 inches underground for constant pressure irrigation lines.

[3.3.15] <u>16.</u> Freeze protection and/or winterization for the irrigation system [shall] <u>must</u> be provided.

[3.3.16] <u>17.</u> Schedule 40 PVC pipe or equivalent sleeving under sidewalks or driveways is required.

[3.3.17] <u>18.</u> Landscape irrigation water use shall be separately metered or sewer changes shall apply for <u>uses</u> other than residential uses.

(Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

#### 3.4 - Preservation and protection of existing trees and shrubs.

[Trees] 1. Existing trees and significant shrubs [shall] must be preserved whenever possible and [shall] may be considered part of the required landscape area. Preservation of healthy, existing 4-inch caliper [(6-8 foot for evergreens) healthy trees will be] or larger deciduous trees and 6 foot or taller evergreen trees are eligible for a 2:1 credit toward the total tree requirement [if approved by the director], up to a maximum of 25 percent of the requirement for trees on the site. [Provide an] An overlay must be provided on all submitted plans [of] showing all existing trees with the caliper (deciduous) or height (evergreen), [and] significant shrubs on the site, and [elearly mark] which trees or shrubs will be retained on the site [and which are] or proposed to be removed.

[3.4.1] 2. Deciduous trees with a trunk diameter of 4 [inch] inches or greater at a point [four and  $\frac{1}{2}$  foot] 4  $\frac{1}{2}$  feet above ground level, [or] evergreen trees 6 [foot or greater] feet or more in height or significant shrubs[, shall] may not be removed unless authorized by prior written approval from the [director] Director. The applicant [is encouraged to] must submit a report [to the director] prepared by a certified arborist [,] or licensed design professional detailing a reason for a request to authorize removal

of trees [and] or significant shrubs. After consultation with other applicable [eity divisions] <u>City</u> <u>departments</u>, the [director] <u>Director</u> may authorize the removal of existing trees and shrubs if any of the following criteria exist:

[1, ] (a) The health or condition of the tree presents a clear danger to people or property or it constitutes a nuisance[-];

[2. When the] (b) The tree or shrub is located within the footprint of the building, or [when a] the tree trunk or shrub is so close to the building area that construction would result in irreparable damage or death to the plant[-];

[3.] (c) Access is so restricted to the site that removal is necessary and unavoidable[-];

[4.] (d) The elevation will be severely changed by grading/building/development[. The] and the tree or shrub cannot remain on the site as a result of the change in elevation[.] : or

[5-] (e) Any other instances deemed appropriate by the [director shall] Director may be considered.

[3.4.1.1] 3. All trees removed from a site, [which were not previously approved under the criteria outlined in subsection 3.4.1 above] excluding those approved for removal by the Director, require replacement by 1 of the following methods [listed below. As an example, removal of a 6 inch diameter tree would require replacement of the tree with 4, 3 inch caliper trees or the equivalent.] :

[a.] (a) Deciduous trees require replacement with [a 2:1 caliper ratio tree] <u>new deciduous trees</u> totaling twice the diameter of the trees removed, with a minimum caliper of 2 [inch] inches and a maximum of 3 [inch] inches per <u>new</u> tree. For example, removal of a 6-inch diameter tree would require replacement with trees totaling not less than 12 inches in diameter (6 inches x = 12inches), which could be accomplished using four 3-inch caliper trees (4 x = 12) or six 2-inch caliper trees (6 x = 12);

[b.] (b) Evergreen trees require replacement with [a 2:1 height ratio] <u>new evergreen trees</u> <u>totaling twice the height of the trees removed</u>, with a height minimum of 6 foot and maximum of 8 foot per replacement tree[-] : or

[<del>c.</del>] (c) Tree replacement may require off-site mitigation, including planting of trees on public property, when adequate space is not available on the site to accommodate the additional new trees. In lieu of planting replacement trees on the development site, a fee may be paid to the City for the cost to purchase and plant the trees within the public right-of-way or on City property. Fees for planting of trees within the right-of-way or on City property must be paid in an amount as established by the Parks, Recreation and Open Space Department. [Off-site mitigation shall require approval by the parks and recreation director. Payment of fees to purchase and plant trees, as well as associated costs are required, rather than actual planting of trees on public property. Appropriate fees which are based on the placement of trees in the right-of-way program as periodically updated shall be paid to the parks and recreation department. Provide the planning department with a copy of receipt for payment of required tree replacement/mitigation fees. Payment] When off-site mitigation is proposed, payment for the off-site mitigation is required prior to the building permit for the proposed development being issued.

[3.4.2] <u>4.</u> Tree Protection. [All deviations from the tree protection code must be approved by the planning division.] Construction activities can severely damage or kill trees. [See tree retention/protection, root pruning detail, and excavation adjacent to retained trees in appendix for additional requirements and information.] The following practices must be followed during all construction activities when existing trees are proposed to be retained on a building site:

[1-] (a) Pruning of live branches from trees identified for preservation is prohibited except in accordance with the pruning standards of this section; [conjunction with subsection 3.4.3 Pruning Standards. See pruning details in appendix for more requirements and details.]

[2-] (b) Tree protection fencing and protection is required around all trees identified for preservation. See <u>the applicable</u> detail in [appendix] <u>the Landscaping Appendix</u>. [Construct] <u>The construction of</u> protection fencing [which complies] <u>must comply</u> with the following:

[a.] (1) Protective fencing must be constructed of [4 foot wide] minimum 4-foot tall orange netting or chain link. Fencing must be located a minimum of 5 feet outside the tree drip line. Fences must be mounted on above ground concrete footings, which [shall] may not be driven into the ground[. Spacing shall] and may be no more than 10 [foot] feet apart. This detail shall be placed on all grading, demolition and improvement plans[-]:

[b.] (2) Protective fencing [shall] must enclose the entire area under the canopy drip line of the tree protection zone throughout the life of the project, or until work within the tree protection zone is completed. The fence [shall] may not be moved during construction phase without prior approval of the qualified site professional utilizing the best management practices. The protective fence may be removed at final grading inspection or at the time final landscaping is installed. Refer to the detail in [appendix] the Landscaping Appendix for a sample drawing[-]; and

[e-] (3) A sign describing the fence as protective tree fencing [shall] <u>must</u> be prominently displayed on each fence. The sign must be a minimum of 8.5 [by]  $\underline{x}$  11 inches and clearly state: "Tree Protection Zone. This fence shall not be removed and is subject to penalty per Carson City Municipal Code." Refer to detail in [appendix] <u>the Landscaping Appendix</u> for <u>a</u> sample drawing[-]:

[3-] (c) If protective fencing cannot be placed around the entire tree protection zone, then protective fencing [shall] <u>must</u> be placed around the trunk of the <u>tree</u> [tree(s) but only after prior approval of the proposal by the planning division]. [2 by 4] <u>Two-by-four</u> lumber shall be secured with banding around the trunk of tree(s) to be preserved. [Do not attach boards] <u>Boards</u> or banding <u>may not be</u> <u>attached</u> directly into the bark or trunk of the tree[-1;

[4.] (d) There should be no activity in the tree protection zone without prior approval by the planning division. The following are prohibited activities within the tree protection zone:

a. Soil disturbance, including excavation, trenching or grade change [without prior approval of the planning division.] :

b. Spoils, non-spoils, storage of any equipment, materials or parking[-] : and

c. Placement of non-spoil material or equipment[-] :

[5-] (e) [Apply 6 inches of wood] Wood chips or bark <u>must be applied to a depth of not less 6</u> inches over the root zone of trees within the protective barriers. Mulching areas outside of protective barriers will help to minimize compaction from construction traffic adjacent to sensitive root zones[-];

[6-] (f) Hand digging [shall be] is required to determine if lateral roots are present on trees in the direction of proposed <u>building</u> foundation location. If support roots are found, it is recommended that correct root pruning is performed[,] so as to not compromise the stability of the [tree(s).] trees;

[7.] (g) [Correctly and cleanly prune exposed] Exposed roots that are not to be saved <u>must be</u> pruned back to the soil horizon in compliance with [detail in subsection 3.4.3] the pruning standards of this section. Pruning should be supervised by a qualified licensed professional and should be performed to ISA standards (see details in [appendix] the Landscaping Appendix)[-];

[8.] (h) [Promptly cover exposed] <u>Exposed</u> roots <u>must be promptly covered</u> with damp tarp(s) which are kept moist[ $\frac{1}{7}$ ] or <u>other</u> material that will keep roots from drying[ $\frac{1}{3}$ ];

[9-] (i) [Irrigate] Irrigation must be provided within the dripline of trees once a week if natural precipitation does not occur during spring, summer and fall[-] : and

[10.] (j) See [detail] details for tree retention, root pruning and excavation adjacent to retained trees in [appendix] the Landscape Appendix for additional tree preservation notes.

[3.4.3] <u>5.</u> Pruning Standards. No trees <u>which are part of required landscaping</u> on commercial, [or] industrial <u>or public</u> land [which is part of required landscaping shall] <u>may</u> be pruned in a manner that impairs the health of the tree. All pruning performed on required trees shall be in accordance with pruning standards published by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI), per ANSI A300 Part 1 Pruning, and International Society of Arboriculture, Western Chapter. See [appendix] <u>the Landscaping</u> <u>Appendix</u> regarding pruning [detail] <u>details</u>.

[1-] (a) ANSI pruning standards require, in part, the use of certain tools, cutting techniques, and pruning methods to be followed, including not leaving branch stubs, few or no heading cuts, not cutting off the branch collar (not making a cut flush with the trunk), not topping or lion's tailing ("gutting-out" a

tree by removing a large number of the inner branches), not removing more than 25 percent of the foliage of a single branch, not removing more than 25 percent of the total tree foliage in a single year, not damaging other parts of the tree during pruning and not using wound paint. [50] <u>Fifty</u> percent of the foliage should remain evenly distributed in the lower 66 percent of the tree canopy after pruning.

[2-] (b) All pruned material shall be controlled and removed in a manner to prevent damage to the surrounding plant material and property. Tree topping, tipping and heading back are all terms used to describe severe cutting back of a tree's crown and is prohibited on any tree which is part of required landscaping and [strenuously] is strongly discouraged on any other trees on the site.

[3-] (c) Trees severely damaged by storms or other causes, or trees under utility wire or other obstructions[;] where other pruning practices are impractical, may be exempted from the prohibition of topping, tipping and heading back, at the discretion of the [director] <u>Director</u>. A letter of request must be submitted to the [director] <u>Director</u> and approved prior to [such severe] pruning <u>that is not otherwise in compliance with the provisions of this section</u>.

(Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

### 3.5 - [Landscape design standards] Landscaped area required.

[3.5.1] <u>1.</u> All landscaping [shall] <u>must</u> aesthetically enhance and be compatible with the site area. Landscaping [shall] <u>must</u> be installed to enhance the view of the site from public [street(s)] <u>streets</u> and adjacent properties.

[3.5.2] 2. A minimum of 20 percent of the site's impervious surfaces, excluding the building coverage, must be pervious areas of landscape material. The area within the public right-of-way [adjacent to a site] between the property line and the paved roadway surface, excluding sidewalk area, must be landscaped and may be counted for <u>not more than</u> 25 percent of the total required landscaped area. In areas with [right-of-ways over] rights-of-way more than 20 feet in depth between the property line and the paved roadway surface or back of sidewalk, the [director] Director may modify or waive the requirement for landscaping [of] within the right-of-way. The requirement may also be waived by the [director] Director if the public agency denies permission for an encroachment permit or lease of the area to be landscaped.

(Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

### **3.6 - Turf.**

The following standards for the use of turf in landscaping are intended to conserve water by minimizing the need for water for irrigation and minimizing irrigation water wasting.

[3.6.1] <u>1.</u> Turf areas [shall] <u>may</u> not constitute more than the percentage of the total landscape area as established by the table below unless approved by [special use permit] <u>Special Use Permit</u>.

area:	
Development Area	Permitted Turf Area
Less than 5 acres (ac.)	50[%] percent of the total landscaped area
5 ac. to less than 10 ac.	40[%] percent of the total landscaped area
10 ac. to less than 15 ac.	30[%] percent of the total landscaped area
15 ac. or larger	25[%] percent of the total landscaped area

Table - Permitted percentage of turf area. [Turf area is shown as a percentage of the total landscaped area:]

[3.6.2] 2. Turf shall not be used on slopes greater than 4:1 or in areas less than 8 feet in width or length.

[3.6.3] 3. Where landscape areas abut sidewalks, drive-aisles, parking areas or other hardscape surfaces, a minimum 3-foot wide landscape buffer area must be provided between any turf areas and the

hardscape to capture irrigation overspray and runoff. The buffer area may be drip-irrigated plant materials or non-living landscape materials.

4. Artificial turf may be used in the permitted proportions for turf, provided that the artificial turf must be of a quality to resemble natural turf and must be maintained perpetually in compliance with the recommended maintenance schedule for the particular product.

[Staff note: Section 3.10 (Plant materials) currently prohibits the use of artificial plants unless approved by the Director. Subsection 4 is added to expressly allow artificial turf to be used as landscaping material.]

(Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

## 3.7 - Trees.

[3.7.1] **1.** A minimum of 1 tree is required for each 400 [The minimum number of trees shall be one (1) tree per four hundred (400)] square feet of <u>required</u> landscape area. Additional trees are required if the number of trees for parking areas and along right-of-way areas as [described in subsections 3.7.1.1 and 3.7.1.2 exceed] <u>required by this subsection result in the total number of required trees</u> <u>exceeding</u> this minimum. The Director may modify this standard for public uses such as parks.

 $[\frac{1}{4}, ]$  (a) Included in the minimum <u>total</u> required number of trees, a minimum of  $[\frac{1}{2}, ]$  and tree must be planted for every  $[\frac{1}{2}, ]$  and  $\frac{10}{2}$  parking spaces or fraction thereof  $[\frac{1}{2}, ]$  and  $\frac{1}{2}$  must be distributed throughout the parking area [surface] to provide even shading within the parking lot. For example, [eighteen (18)] <u>11</u> parking spaces [shall require two (2)] <u>requires 2</u> trees. A minimum of [one (1)] deciduous tree shall be placed in each standard sized parking island.

[2-] (b) Included in the minimum required number of trees, at least [one (1)] 1 tree [shall] must be placed along the right-of-way frontage for [every thirty (30)] each 50 lineal feet of right-of-way frontage at a point not more than [twenty (20)] 20 feet from the right-of-way. Trees should generally be spread out along the right-of-way frontage but may be grouped to avoid driveways, buildings or other site constraints. The Director may allow for different spacing or locations of trees for projects with outdoor display such as automobile sales lots.

[Staff note: Full-sized trees should generally be spaced a minimum of 30 feet apart. When one tree per 30 feet of parcel frontage is required, this results in trees needing to be spaced closer together after eliminating areas such as driveways where trees cannot be planted. Staff believes the one-tree-per-50 feet requirement will result in the desired number of trees for property frontages.]

[3.7.2] <u>2.</u> Where more than [ten (10)] <u>10</u> deciduous trees are provided as a part of the landscape plan, a [minimum of fifty percent (50%)] <u>maximum of 60 percent</u> of the trees [shall] <u>may</u> be of [a different] <u>the same</u> species to ensure diversity <u>of tree species</u>. Additional species may be required on larger projects.

[Staff note: This modification is intended to meet the same intent as the original requirement of "a minimum of 50 percent" of the trees being of a different variety.] (Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

(<u>Ord. No. 2008-33, § XVI, 9-4-2008</u>)

## 3.8 - Groundcover [(including shrubs)] and shrubs.

[3.8.1] <u>1.</u> Groundcover shall be used to prevent erosion, inhibit weed growth, and present an aesthetically pleasing appearance when mature. Groundcover may include living plants such as turf, shrubs, vines, meadow grasses, flowers or other living covers. Ground cover and shrubs [shall] <u>must</u> be incorporated into all landscape plans in a balanced manner.

[3.8.2] <u>2</u>. Non-planted, non-living materials such as wood chips, bark, decorative rock, mulch, stone or other non-living materials [may be used as groundcover, and shall be distributed throughout the site] customarily used as landscaping ground cover must be used in all landscaped areas that do not have living plant material as groundcover. [All landscape areas shall be covered with materials suitable for reducing dust and evaporation and shall be designed to improve the aesthetic appearance of the area.]

An attractive mix of organic and non-organic materials is encouraged. [Products which appear to be dirt shall not be used.]

[3.8.3] 3. A [ratio of at least] minimum of 6 shrubs is required for each 400 square feet of required landscape area, excluding turfed areas. [tree placed or retained on the site. If a large quantity of] turf is proposed for the site, the required shrub count may be reduced after review and approval of the submitted landscaping plans by the planning division.]

[Staff note: The proposed requirement of 6 shrubs per 400 square feet of landscaped area is consistent with the current requirement of 6 shrubs per tree since one tree is also required per 400 square feet of landscaped area. However, the amendment also clarifies that areas that are turfed are not counted towards the required number of shrubs since turfed areas already provide live plant material.] (Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

# 3.9 - Streetscape.

On arterial streets, minimum [10 foot] **<u>10-foot</u>** wide landscape areas shall be provided along the frontage of the site adjacent to the street. On all other streets, a minimum [of 6 foot] <u>**6-foot**</u> wide landscape area shall be provided along the frontage of the site adjacent to the street. On sites with unique constraints, the [director] <u>**Director**</u> may approve an alternative dimension if the alternative does not compromise the integrity of the landscape plan. (Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

# 3.10 - Plant materials.

[3.10.1] <u>1.</u> The latest edition of the American Standard for Nursery Stock by the American Association of Nurserymen shall be <u>used as</u> the criteria for sizes and grades of plant materials. <u>Except as</u> <u>otherwise provided in this section, no</u> [No] artificial plants are allowed [<u>unless approved by the</u> <u>director</u>].

All trees [to] <u>must</u> be number 1 grade nursery stock and meet current industry quality standards adopted by the American Association of Nurserymen, American National Standards Institute (ANSI) Z60 and NRS 555 (Regulations of Nursery and Nursery Stock). All trees must comply with the following:

No girdling, kinked, circling or "J" roots;

No trees that have been topped;

No wounds in the trunk, bark or on limbs;

Insect and disease free, rodent and mechanical damage free;

No trees that have large nursery stakes through rootball or have been grown on a nursery stake; Rootball [to] **must** be appropriate to caliper and crown size;

Trunk/crown structure and trunk taper [to] must be appropriate for the species;

All graft unions [ $t_{\Theta}$ ] <u>must</u> be healthy with trunk diameter below union larger than above union; All trees [ $t_{\Theta}$ ] <u>must</u> stand upright without stakes;

Roots, bark and shoot growth [to] must give evidence of good tree vigor;

Any replacement of plant stock  $[t_{\Theta}]$  <u>must</u> be equal to original specification and approved by the owner's representative $[\frac{1}{2}]$  and

Any substitution of plant material must be submitted in writing for approval by the landscape architect or design professional and the planning division[;].

[3.10.2] 2. Container grown shrubs [shall] <u>must</u> be minimum 5 gallon size at the time of planting, excluding trees and those plants grown in flats. Perennials [shall] <u>must</u> be a minimum 1 gallon size at the time of planting.

[3.10.3] <u>3.</u> Required evergreen trees [shall] <u>must</u> be a minimum of 6 feet in height at the time of planting and [shall] <u>must</u> not comprise more than 40 percent of the total number of <u>required</u> trees [or as dictated by the site and approved by the director].

[3.10.4] <u>4.</u> Required deciduous trees [shall] <u>must</u> be a minimum caliper of 2 inches at the time of planting. Using 3 inch [maximum] caliper new trees shall reduce the number of required trees by 10

percent [or as approved by the director. This does not refer to required replacement trees as shown in subsection 3.4.1.1, for trees removed without permission].

[3.10.5] <u>5.</u> If additional trees <u>or shrubs</u> beyond the minimum requirement are proposed, [they] <u>the additional trees or shrubs</u> may be smaller in size <u>than otherwise required by this section</u>. The required number of trees <u>and shrubs</u> in each category and total for the project must be clearly marked on the plan, with additional trees <u>and shrubs</u> noted as supplemental.

[3.10.6] <u>6.</u> Trees which overhang sidewalks, parking lots or streets shall be free of thorns or fruit types that litter the ground. Evergreen trees are not permitted in [standard sized] parking islands <u>less than</u> <u>12 feet in width</u>.

[3.10.7] 7. Within an urban setting, [the following types of trees shall not be installed because of undesirable characteristics:] 'Populus genus' (aspens, poplars and cottonwoods), 'Salix genus' (willows), and 'Ulmus genus' (elms) <u>may not be planted due to undesirable characteristics</u>. [New species which do not exhibit undesirable characteristics are acceptable.] Requests for waiver of this requirement may be considered by the [director] <u>Director</u> in appropriate instances. [Developers are encouraged to protect and preserve existing healthy trees on site.]

[3.10.8] 8. Tree selection for projects [will] should be guided by the approved Carson City tree list for commercial projects. Trees planted in the [eity will] <u>City must</u> be installed according to the [eity's] tree planting standards <u>contained within this section</u>. The approved tree list and standard planting details are located in the [appendix] <u>Landscaping Appendix</u>.

[3.10.9] <u>9.</u> Riparian Areas. Areas along established riparian corridors may utilize native riparian trees and shrubs which are identified on the Carson City riparian area list. These materials may be planted along river/stream corridors within Carson City after approval of the intended choices and locations by the [director] <u>Director</u>. Request for use of riparian trees and shrubs outside of a riparian or wetland zone within the urban setting may be considered by the [director] <u>Director</u> in appropriate instances. The approved riparian area tree and shrub lists are located in the [appendix] <u>Landscaping Appendix</u>.

[3.10.10] <u>10.</u> Historic District Properties. Areas within the historic district are encouraged to utilize trees and shrubs shown as noted on the Carson City tree list for commercial projects, further noted as Carson City historic district preferred trees. The approved tree list with historic district preferred trees noted is located in the [appendix] Landscaping Appendix.

(Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

## 3.11 - Details.

[3.11.1 Parking] **1.** Landscaped areas abutting parking and driveway areas [shall] <u>must</u> include concrete curbs or similar improvements [as approved by the director] for protection of landscaping. Vehicle overhangs into landscaped areas [shall] <u>may</u> not exceed 2 feet. Planter areas [shall] <u>must</u> not be less than 72 square feet in size and [shall] <u>must</u> have a minimum width of 6 feet.

[3.11.2] 2. Drainage basins, when required, [shall] <u>must</u> be incorporated into the landscape design, utilize non-buoyant landscape materials, and [shall] be irrigated if landscaped <u>with live plant</u> <u>material</u>. Access [shall] <u>must</u> be provided for maintenance. The landscaped basin area may count [as] towards not more than 10 percent of the total landscape requirement if the basin is not fenced with sight-obscuring materials and is landscaped along the perimeter to enhance the appearance.

[3.11.3] 3. Snow storage should be incorporated within the design of projects and should be oriented for maximum sun exposure for acceleration of melting. Driveways, drive aisles, sidewalks and landscape areas, cannot be used for snow storage. Drainage and run-off from snow storage areas [shall] **must** be considered in the design.

[3.11.4] <u>4.</u> Soil in planted areas should be mechanically loosened to a minimum depth of 12 inches and/or to the depth of the root ball and 3 times the diameter for trees and shrubs. Tests of soils, based upon one test per site (sites over 25,000 square feet in landscape area may require additional tests as required by the [director, shall] <u>Director, must</u> be conducted and appropriate soil amendments recommended. Soils should be improved by incorporating the recommended soil amendments into the loosened soil prior to planting.

[3.11.5] <u>5</u>. All non-planted landscape areas [shall] <u>must</u> be covered with materials such as mulch <u>in accordance with the provisions of this section</u>. [Products which appear to be dirt shall not be used.] A weed barrier fabric is required under all rock and cobble mulches and pre-emergent herbicide is recommended.

[a.] (a) Planted areas should be mulched to a minimum depth of 3 inches for organic mulches. No fabric shall be used under wood mulch.

[b.] (b) Sufficient quantity of rock mulch [shall] must be installed to completely cover all weed control fabric. Fabric [shall] must be trimmed back in compliance with landscaping details to allow for future growth of plants. All rock mulch must be washed and cleaned prior to installation. Large cobble mulch should include top dressing of smaller matching cobble or similar material. Nonporous material such as plastic sheeting [shall] may not be placed under the mulch.

[3.11.6] <u>6.</u> All debris, including concrete, asphalt, wire, wood, steel and other foreign matter, must be removed from a planting area prior to soil preparation or planting and prior to request for a final inspection of the site.

[3.11.7] <u>7.</u> Conflicts [shall] <u>must</u> be avoided in design of landscape improvements by considering the size and breadth of mature landscaping. [Show existing] <u>Existing</u> and proposed overhead and underground power lines, utility poles, light standards and utility easements <u>must be shown</u> on submitted landscape plans. Fire hydrants, fire connections, water boxes (3 feet clearance required), water and sewer service lines (10 feet clearance required for trees), overhead utilities, signs, roof overhangs, light standards etc., shall be taken into consideration in design of landscaping. [Show all] <u>All</u> proposed and existing signage for the site <u>must be shown on the landscape plans</u>. (Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

### 3.12 - Inspection, certifications and security.

[3.12.1] <u>1.</u> Upon installation of landscaping and irrigation systems, the registered design professional, licensed design professional, general contractor, certified landscape contractor, registered landscape architect, or others as allowed per [Nevada Revised Statutes (NRS)] <u>NRS</u> who created, stamped and signed the landscaping and irrigation plans, or who has been authorized by that person, [shall] <u>must</u> certify that the installation was completed per the approved plans, including review of installation of correct plant materials, planting was according to diagrams and instructions included in the plan, emitter location and detail, etc. A letter attesting to this inspection and compliance [shall] <u>must</u> be submitted to the planning division <u>prior to the issuance of a final certificate of occupancy for the</u> <u>proposed use</u>. Plant tags [are to] <u>must</u> be left on plants until after approval of the landscaping plan by the authorized professional and [shall] <u>must</u> be removed upon approval. The planning division retains the right to inspect projects, and if not in compliance with submitted plans, require compliance prior to issuance of a final certificate of occupancy for the

[3.12.2] <u>2.</u> [It is understood that minor] <u>Minor</u> deviations [and/or] <u>or</u> plant substitutions may be necessary during the course of the project. These deviations may be done if approved by the registered design professional or others as allowed per NRS, and if consistent with the original approved design and plants selected are similar to the original plan and intended purpose. Notification in writing to the [director is required for these instances. Approval is required from the director] <u>Director and approval</u> <u>of the revisions are required</u> prior to installation. Upon completion, as-built landscape plans [shall] <u>must</u> be submitted. Major design revisions require a new <u>plan review</u> fee [and additional staff resources].

[3.12.3] 3. If, due to weather constraints, all landscaping is not completed prior to the final inspection, financial security in a form acceptable to the [eity] <u>City</u> in the amount of 150 percent of the estimated cost of installation of remaining landscape improvements [shall] <u>must</u> be filed with the city guaranteeing installation within 9 months of final inspection. The estimated cost of the landscaping improvements not completed must be verified by the [eity] <u>City</u>. Installation of plant materials during times when the ground is likely to be frozen is discouraged due to high mortality of plants. Delay of planting[-] and providing financial security [in a form acceptable to the city, as described in subsection 3.13.1,] is recommended during these times.

(Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2001-23).

### 3.13 - Maintenance.

[3.13.1] <u>1</u>. All landscape areas must be maintained by the property owners, including using the most current pruning standards accepted by the ANSI International Society of Arboriculture [and/or] or the National Arborist Association. Any damaged or dead [plant(s)] plants must be replaced or repaired by the property owners [within] not more than 30 days following notification by the [director] Director. If the season of the year makes this repair or replacement within [a 30 day period] <u>30 days</u> impractical, [the person responsible for landscaping shall schedule an appropriate time for the completion of the accomplishment of this work as required and approved by the director. Property owner shall provide a] financial security in a form acceptable to the city, in the amount of 150 percent of the estimated cost of installation of remaining landscape improvements [, which shall be filed with the city guaranteeing installation] must be provided to the City. The estimated cost of the landscaping improvements not yet completed must be verified by the [eity] City.

[3.13.2] 2. Maintenance must include the checking of the sprinkler pattern and drip systems, plant condition, weeding, fertilization, pest control, replacement of mulches, weed barrier and dead material, or other debris, proper pruning and use of proper mowing heights. Radical pruning or trimming such as topping shall require replacement of the plant material. The required maintenance schedule for both the planting and the irrigation system [shall] must be shown on the landscape plan provided to the owner by the registered design professional or others as allowed by NRS.

[3.13.3] <u>3.</u> An acknowledgment by the property owner of the required maintenance for a project must be submitted to the [eity] <u>City</u> as a part of landscape and irrigation plan submittals. (Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007: Ord. 2004-13 § 7, 2004; Ord. 2001-23).

#### 3.14 - Revisions to landscape plans.

[3.14.1] If a revision to a landscape plan results in a change to the approved plans of more than 25 percent, a new landscape plan and review fee are required. Variations to the plan include, but are not limited to, change in species, type (e.g. rock, mulch, turf, etc.), and [change in] location of plants and materials.

(Amended by Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007).

## 3.15 - Design standards.

Diagrams, text and examples are located in the [appendix] <u>the Landscaping Appendix</u>, including, but not limited to, general landscape and irrigation notes, irrigation legend detail, typical plant list legend example, tree and shrub planting details, emitter layout and staking, bubbler, tree protection, flushing end cap, drip, spray and coupling valves, rotor/pop-up head, irrigation trench wall section, rock wall, wood and pipe bollards, approved tree, shrub, riparian and historic district lists, pruning, tree retention[4] <u>and</u> protection, root pruning and excavation adjacent to retained tree details. (Ord. 2007-26 § 1 (part), 2007).

## Landscaping Appendix.

[See following pages]

	the l	-ANDOUNI L	NOTES:	0	2/2007				
ALL LAWN AREA	AS SHA	LL BE CONTOURED AND RO	OLLED WITH A WEIGHTED	HAND ROLLER	PRIOR TO SODDING				
THE DESIGN PR	OFESSIO	INDE PHOTOGRAPHS OR SUNAL OR OWNER'S REPRESI CE OF ALL TREES UPON D	ENTATIVE TO SEE IF SPE	CIFICATIONS A					
	THE A	ESPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING CQUISITION OF ALL NECESS ISIBILITY.							
		LL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR A			NAMES AND CONFIRMING				
		IN THE PLANTING SCHEDUL JANTITIES SHALL GOVERN.	ES DO NOT CORRELATE	WITH THE QUA	NTITIES INDICATED ON THE				
		LL FURNISH ALL LABOR, M AND IN PLACE AS SHOWN		NO SERVICES I	NECESSARY TO INSTALL ALL				
		LAWN AREAS SHALL BE E		PECTION BY T	HE DESIGN PROFESSIONAL O				
ROUGH GRADE.	FINISH	GRADE AND ALL BERN LO E LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, IRRIGATION SYSTEM, SITE	CATION/SHAPES SHALL I	DE ESTABLISHE OR OWNER'S	ED BY THE CONTRACTOR REPRESENTATIVE BEFORE				
SOIL AMENDMEN 8 " TO 10" (MI	ITS IN I	COMPLIANCE WITH DEVELOP THE ROUGH GRADE OF ALL	MENT STANDARDS 3.11 LAWN AREAS PRIOR TO	SHALL BE INCO	ORPORATED INTO THE TOP				
		LAWN AND PLANTING BED		FIED TO A MIN	IMUM DEPTH OF 8"-10"				
ALL SOD AND I FINAL PROJECT DURING WINTER	ACCEP WHEN	MATERIALS SHALL BE IT G TANCE, REPLACE ANY PLA REPLANTING MAY BE DEL	RADE NURSERY STOCK A NT WHICH DIES WITHIN 3 AYED, WITH PLANTS EQUI	ND WARRANTE O DAYS AFTER AL TO ORIGINA	D FOR ONE YEAR AFTER NOTIFICATION, EXCEPT L MATERIALS.				
	STALL R				AS TO ESTABLISH ROUGH PLANTING AREAS & 1 1/2"				
ANY IMPORTED FINISH GRADE S PRIOR TO INSTA	SHALL E	L REQUIRED FOR INSTALLA RE TOPSOIL MIX APPROVED N.	TION OF THE BERMS OR BY THE LANDSCAPE AR	ESTABLISHMEN CHITECT OR D	NT OF ROUGH GRADE OR ESIGN PROFESSIONAL				
	EES SH	BE DONE ON ALL TREES. O ALL BE REMOVED BEFORE							
INSTALL & PRO	INSTALL A PROFESSIONAL GRADE LANDSCAPE FABRIC UNDER ALL ROCK MULCH AREAS. SECURE TO ROUGH GRADE. DO NOT LEAVE EXPOSED. (SEE DEV ST 3.11) NO PLASTIC SHEETING CAN BE PLACED UNDER ROCK MULCH								
INSTALLED IN A	LL PLA	E WASHED AND CLEANED. NTING AREAS AND OVER A IVERED BY MULCH AND NO	ILL BERMS AS SHOWN OF	"-6" MIN. AN	D BE ANDSCAPE PLANS. WEED				
PLANTING PITS	SHALL	ALL BE EITHER HAND OR BE SCARIFIED BEFORE INS BALL DIAMETER, THE SAME	TALLATION OF THE PLAN	T MATERIAL, H	OM AND SIDES OF THE IOLES SHALL BE THREE TIM FILLED WITH AN APPROVED				
ALL PLANTING I DEBRIS AND SH	ALL BE	ND SOD AREAS SHALL BE RAKED TO A SMOOTH AN	STRIPPED AND CLEARED D EVEN GRADE PRIOR TO	OF ALL LAWN	, ROOTS, WEEDS, AND RIAL OR SOD INSTALLATION				
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INSTALL IBDU WATER SOLUBLE STARTER PLANT FERTILIZER BAGS/TABLETS OR AN APPROVED EQUAL IN ALL PLANTING PITS. USE 1 PER 1-GALLON CONTAINER, 3 PER 5-GALLON CONTAINER, AND 5 PER 15-GALLON CONTAINER/ 2" CAL. OR LARGER TREE. CONTRACTOR TO APPLY A PRE-EMERGENT HERBICIDE AND PERMEABLE LANDSCAPE FABRIC THROUGHOUT ALL ROCK MULCH AREAS PRIOR TO PLACING MULCH. NO PRE-EMERGENT HERBICIDE SHALL BE APPLIED IN PERENNIAL, GROUNDCOVER, BULB AND ANNUAL AREAS. ADD GRANULAR PRE-EMERGENT HERBICIDE PER MANUFACTURER'S WRITTEN RECOMENDATIONS PRIOR TO INSTALLING LANDSCAPE FABRIC AND ROCK MULCH. FINAL LOCATION OF ALL LANDSCAPE PLANT MATERIAL SHALL BE SET BY THE CONTRACTOR ACCORDING TO THE PLANS AND APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, DESIGN PROFESSIONAL OR OWNER'S REP BEFORE INSTALLATION. NO PLANTS SHALL BE PLACED TO CONFLICT OR CREATE CONFLICT W/ SIGNS, LIGHTS, UTILITIES, ETC. IF PLANT LOCATION WILL CAUSE A CONFLICT, CONTACT THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT. ALL PERENNIAL & GROUNDCOVER AREAS SHALL BE HAND SET BY THE CONTRACTOR IN AREAS SHOWN ON DRAWINGS AND APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, DESIGN PROFESSIONAL OR OWNER'S REP BEFORE INSTALLATION. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL BURLAP, TWINE, TIES, CONTAINERS AND WIRE BASKETS FROM ALL PLANT MATERIAL. DO NOT DISTURB ROOTBALLS. REMOVE ANY EXCESS SOIL ON TREES OR SHRUBS THAT HAS ACCUMULATED DURING THE PACKAGING & SHIPPING PROCESS, (B&B STOCK - ESPECIALLY) IN ORDER TO DETERMINE PROPER PLANTING DEPTH IN ORDER TO PLACE ROOTBALL AT 1" ABOVE GRADE. CLEAN DOWN TO THE TOP OF STRUCTURAL (FLARED) ROOT SYSTEM. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TAKE ALL NECESSARY PRECAUTIONS TO PROVIDE EFFECTIVE DUST CONTROL OF ALL PREPARED SOIL AREAS. ALL TREES TO BE #1 GRADE NURSERY STOCK AND MEET CURRENT INDUSTRY QUALITY STANDARDS ADOPTED BY THE AMERICAN ASSOCIATION OF NURSERYMEN, AMERICAN NATIONAL STANDARDS INSTITUTE (ANSI) Z60 AND NEVADA REVISED STATES (NRS) 555 (REGULATIONS OF NURSERY AND NURSERY STOCK). ALL TREES MUST COMPLY WITH: NO GIRDLING, KINKED, CIRCLING OR "J" ROOTS.
 NO TREES THAT HAVE BEEN TOPPED. NO WOUNDS IN THE TRUNK BARK OR ON LIMBS. INSECT AND DISEASE FREE, RODENT AND MECHANICAL DAMAGE FREE. - NO TREES THAT HAVE LARGE NURSERY STAKES THROUGH ROOTBALL OR HAVE BEEN GROWN ON A NURSERY STAKE. ROOTBALL TO BE APPROPRIATE TO CALIPER AND CROWN SIZE. TRUNK/ CROWN STRUCTURE AND TRUNK TAPER TO BE APPROPRIATE FOR THE SPECIES.
 ALL GRAFT UNIONS TO BE HEALTHY WITH TRUNK DIAMETER BELOW UNION LARGER THAN ABOVE UNION.
 ALL TREES TO STAND UPRIGHT WITHOUT STAKES. ROOTS, BARK AND SHOOT GROWTH TO GIVE EVIDENCE OF GOOD TREE VIGOR.
 ANY REPLACEMENT OF PLANT STOCK TO BE EQUAL TO ORIGINAL SPECIFICATION AND APPROVED BY THE OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE OR DESIGN PROFESSIONAL AND THE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PLANNING DEPARTMENT. ALL PLANTING BEDS AND SOD AREAS SHALL HAVE POSITIVE DRAINAGE AWAY FROM ALL BUILDINGS. ALL BOX TREES TO BE STAKE FREE NURSERY STOCK. NO LARGE STAKES THROUGH ROOTBALL THE CONTRACTOR SHALL SPACE PLANT MATERIALS TO ACCOMMODATE EVERGREEN TREE GROWTH. SPACE ALL SHRUBS/ GROUND COVERS/ PERENNIALS A MINIMUM OF 8' AWAY FROM ANY EVERGREEN TREE TRUNK. ANY SUBSTITUTION OF PLANT MATERIAL MUST BE SUBMITTED IN WRITING FOR APPROVAL BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR DESIGN PROFESSIONAL AND THE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL INSPECT THE SITE REGULARLY TO REVIEW THE CONDITION OF ALL PLANTINGS. IF ANY CHANGES IN THE OVERALL MAINTENANCE PROGRAM ARE REQUIRED TO IMPROVE THE CONDITIONS TO AN ACCEPTABLE STANDARD, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL NOTIFY THE OWNER IN WRITING. OTHERWISE THE CONTRACTOR ACCEPTS FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE CONDITION OF THE PLANTINGS AND MUST HONOR THE GUARANTEE. ANY PLANTS REPLACED UNDER THIS GUARANTEE SHALL BE GUARANTEED FOR ONE FULL YEAR FROM THE DATE OF REPLACEMENT. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED TO PROVIDE MAINTENANCE OF THE ENTIRE IRRIGATION SYSTEM & ALL LANDSCAPING UNTIL FINAL PROJECT ACCEPTANCE. AFTER FINAL PROJECT ACCEPTANCE ALL PROJECT MAINTENANCE SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE OWNER. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TOP DRESS ROUGH GRADE OF ALL LAWN AREAS WITH 2" OF PROFESSIONAL GRADE TOP SOIL MIX, APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR DESIGN PROFESSIONAL. SCARIFY ALL LAWN AREAS INCORPORATING TOPSOIL INTO ROUGH GRADE. SCALE: NTS NO. REVISION DATE Standard Landscape Detail File Name: e detalle LANDSCAPE NOTES des Landscape Detail Number: GENERAL LANDSCAPE NOTES L-XX Date: 02/2007 Page: 1b

UPON INSTALLATION OF LANDSCAPING AND THE IRRIGATION SYSTEM, THE REGISTERED DESIGN PROFESSIONAL OR LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR OTHERS AS ALLOWED PER NRS SHALL CERTIFY THAT THE INSTALLATION WAS COMPLETED PER THE APPROVED PLANS, THE REGISTERED DESIGN PROFESSIONAL SHALL CHECK THE INSTALLATION TO VERIFY COMPLIANCE WITH APPROVED PLANS. THEN THE PLANNING DEPARTMENT SHALL INSPECT FOR FINAL APPROVAL PLANT SPECIES IDENTIFICATION TAGS ARE TO BE LEFT ON PLANTS UNTIL AFTER APPROVAL OF THE LANDSCAPING AND THEN REMOVED.

IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT MINOR DEVIATION AND/OR PLANT SUBSTITUTIONS MAY BE NECESSARY DURING THE COURSE OF THE PROJECT. THESE DEVIATIONS MAY BE DONE IF APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR DESIGN PROFESSIONAL OR OTHERS AS ALLOWED PER NRS, AND IF CONSISTENT WITH THE ORIGINAL APPROVED DESIGN AND PLANTS SELECTED ARE SIMILAR TO THE ORIGINAL PLAN AND INTENDED PURPOSE. NOTIFICATION IN WRITING TO THE COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PLANNING DEPARTMENT IS REQUIRED FOR THESE INSTANCES. APPROVAL IS REQUIRED FROM THE DIRECTOR PRIOR TO INSTALLATION. UPON COMPLETION, AS-BUILT LANDSCAPE PLANS SHALL BE SUBMITTED TO COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT PLANNING DEPARTMENT. MAJOR DESIGN REVISIONS MAY REQUIRE NEW FEES AND ADDITIONAL STAFF RESOURCES.

ALL LANDSCAPE AREAS MUST BE MAINTAINED BY THE PROPERTY OWNERS, INCLUDING USING THE MOST CURRENT PRUNING STANDARDS ACCEPTED BY THE INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY OF ARBORICULTURE AND/OR THE NATIONAL ARBORIST ASSOCIATION. ANY DAMAGED OR DEAD PLANT MUST BE REPLACED OR REPAIRED BY THE PROPERTY OWNERS WITHIN 30 DAYS FOLLOWING NOTIFICATION BY THE DIRECTOR. IF THE SEASON OF THE YEAR MAKES THIS REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT WITHIN A 30 DAY PERIOD IMPRACTICAL, THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR LANDSCAPING SHALL SCHEDULE AN APPROPRIATE TIME FOR THE COMPLETION OF THE ACCOMPLISHMENT OF THIS WORK AS REQUIRED BY THE DIRECTOR.

MAINTENANCE MUST INCLUDE THE CHECKING OF THE SPRINKLER PATTERN AND DRIP SYSTEMS, PLANT CONDITION, WEEDING, FERTILIZATION, PEST CONTROL, REPLACEMENT OF MULCHES, WEED BARRIER AND CLEAR AWAY DEBRIS, PROPER PRUNING AND USE OF PROPER MOWING HEIGHTS. RADICAL PRUNING OR TRIMMING SUCH AS AS TOPPING SHALL REQUIRE REPLACEMENT OF THE PLANT MATERIAL.

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			SERENAL INTOATION N	
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0.	REVISION	DATE	Standard Irrigation Detail	File Name:
THE	E LANDSCAP	E ARCH	OLLER SHALL BE INSTALLED IN A LOCATIO ITECT, DESIGN PROFESSIONAL, OR THE OWN OLLER LOCATION.	
			CONTROL WIRE TO BOTTOM OF MAINLINE	
TH. CO WA PR	AN 1000' SH NTRACTOR S TERTIGHT CO OFESSIONAL	ALL HA HALL IN INNECTO OTHER	CODE CLASS IT CIRCUITS. AWG SIZES. ALL VE NO SPLICES. IF A SPLICE OCCURS ON STALL THE SPLICE IN A 6" ROUND VALVE DRS. IF APPROVED BY THE LANDSCAPE ARM WISE THE ENTIRE FIELD CONTROL WIRE SHA	A FIELD CONTROL WIRE, THE BOX USING APPROVED CHITECT OR DESIGN ALL BE REMOVED & REPLACED.
ALI	L CONTROL	MRE SH	ALL BEAR A U/L APPROVED LABEL FOR D	IRECT UNDERGROUND BURIAL
			ALL BE USED ON ALL FIELD WIRE SPLICES	AND CONNECTIONS.
			NTS WITHIN THE IRRIGATION SYSTEM, THE ON TAPE AT EACH CONNECTION.	CONTRACTOR SHALL USE 2-3
VA ELE 6"	LVE BOXES S EVATIONS SH CLEARANCE	ALL BE AROUN	S SHALL BE LOCATED IN PROFESSIONAL GE (ARY WITH NUMBER OF VALVES LOCATED IN SET FLUSH WITH FINISHED GRADE, PROVID D ALL SIDES OF VALVES, PROVIDE BOLTS D SECURE EACH VALVE BOX,	N BOX. ALL VALVE BOX LID E BOX SIZE THAT WILL ALLOW
			LL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY SETTLING IN N WORK AS A WARRANTY ITEM.	THE IRRIGATION TRENCHES OR
			NE PIPING & LATERAL PIPING SHALL BE S	
IRR			COMPLETE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PERF ALL PROVIDE 100% COVERAGE OF ALL LAW	
WH MA	ICH SHALL E	BE CORF	LL PROVIDE AND KEEP CURRENT A COMPL RECTED DAILY TO SHOW CHANGES IN THE O VALVE LOCATIONS SHALL BE SHOWN WITH	ORIGINAL DRAWINGS. ALL
HIS		ATIVE,	ECT ACCEPTANCE, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL IN THE PROPER OPERATION, MAINTENANCE, STEM.	
ST	OCK. THE CO	MPLETE	BE NEW, WITHOUT FLAWS AND CONSIDERE SYSTEM SHALL HAVE A ONE-YEAR WARR PARTS AND LABOR.	
TH	E IRRIGATION	SYSTE	M SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED FOR WINTERIZA	TION BY THE CONTRACTOR.
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AL	L PLUMBING	AND EL	ECTRICAL WORK SHALL BE COMPLETED AS	PER ALL LOCAL CODES.
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[					
			S ARE TO BE INSTALLED IN LANDSCAPE PLANTING AN ALVE BOXES SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED IN LAWN ARE		ER
			AS DEPICTED IN THE STANDARD CITY'S DETAIL.	THER SIDE C	F THE
	ER FABRIC FO		VE ALL ROCK SUMPS SHALL BE PROFESSIONAL GRAD	DE WEED BAR	RIER
LATE	ERAL LINE PIP	PING TO	BE BURIED 24" BELOW FINISHED GRADE AND ALL SI BE BURIED 18" BELOW FINISH GRADE. ALL $3/4$ " DR 4" - 6" BELOW FINISH GRADE.		
CON	STRUCTION. 1	HE AC	SPONSIBLE FOR LOCATING ALL UNDERGROUND UTILITI QUISITION OF ALL NECESSARY PERMITS ASSOCIATED TORS RESPONSIBILITY.		
			CONTACT WITH SOIL SHALL BE COVERED WITH PVC UNIFORM PLUMBING CODE).	TAPE TO PRI	EVENT
			INSTALL A CURB STOP AND WASTE VALVE AT THE ATCH MAINLINE) (AS PER CITY'S PUBLIC WORKS DEPA		AIL.).
PIPE	DOPE SHALL	NOT	BE USED ANYWHERE ON THE IRRIGATION SYSTEM.		
			USED ANYWHERE ON THE SPRAY IRRIGATION SYSTE MBLIES FOR ROTOR OR POP-UP SPRAY HEADS).	M. (EXCEPT F	OR
SHA	TTERED ENDS	OF TH	EXPOSE ENDS OF ALL IRRIGATION SLEEVES. ANY BI IE IRRIGATION SLEEVES SHALL BE CUT TO A CLEAN I MAINLINE PIPE, LATERAL LINES OR DRIP IRRIGATION INSPECTED BY THE LA/DESIGN PROFESSIONAL BEFO	END BEFORE TUBING. ALL	
	L CONNECTIO PONSIBILITY.	N OF 1	THE VALVE WIRES TO THE CONTROLLER SHALL BE TH	E CONTRACTO	R'S
MAY	EFFECT HIS	OPERA	AT HIS OWN EXPENSE, LOCATE ALL UNDERGROUND TION DURING CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL TAKE ALL N DAMAGE TO THE SAME.		сн
UND	ERGROUND PO	ALL U	USE EXTREME CAUTION WHEN WORKING NEAR OVER ND/OR TELEPHONE, WATER, GAS AND SEWER FACILIT TILITIES, PERSONNEL, AND EQUIPMENT, AND SHALL BI ABILITY IN CONNECTION THEREWITH.	TES SO AS T	0 .E
EXIS	TING IMPROVE OVEMENTS D	AMAGE	TAKE ALL PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES NECESSARY WHICH ARE TO REMAIN IN PLACE, FROM DAMAGE, A BY THE CONTRACTOR'S OPERATIONS SHALL BE REF OWNER'S SATISFACTION AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXP	ND ALL SUCH PAIRED OR	
SUC PRES	MUM 2 HOUR CESSFUL IF N SENT THEY SI NCHES.	PERIO	E PRESSURE TESTED AT 1.5 TIMES THE STATIC PRES O PRIOR TO BACKFILLING OF TRENCHES. TEST WILL B SSURE LOSS OCCURS DURING THE TWO HOURS. IF AN E CORRECTED AND LINES SHALL BE RE-TESTED PRIO	E CONSIDEREI	E
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			GENERAL IRRIGATION NOTES		etail Number: XX
				Date: 2/2007	Page: 2b

PIPE SIZES SHALL CONFORM TO THOSE SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS. NO SUBSTITUTIONS OF SMALLER PIPE SIZES SHALL BE PERMITTED, BUT SUBSTITUTIONS OF LARGER SIZES MAY BE APPROVED. ALL DAMAGED AND REJECTED PIPE SHALL BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE AT THE TIME OF SAID REJECTION.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL FLUSH ALL LATERALS AND EMITTER LINES PRIOR TO INSTALLING EMITTERS.

IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO FAMILIARIZE HIMSELF WITH ALL GRADE DIFFERENCES, LOCATION OF WALLS, STRUCTURES AND UTILITIES. THE IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR OR REPLACE ALL ITEMS DAMAGED BY HIS WORK. HE SHALL COORDINATE HIS WORK WITH OTHER CONTRACTORS, FOR THE LOCATION AND INSTALLATION OF PIPE SLEEVES AND LATERALS UNDER SIDEWALKS AND PAVING.

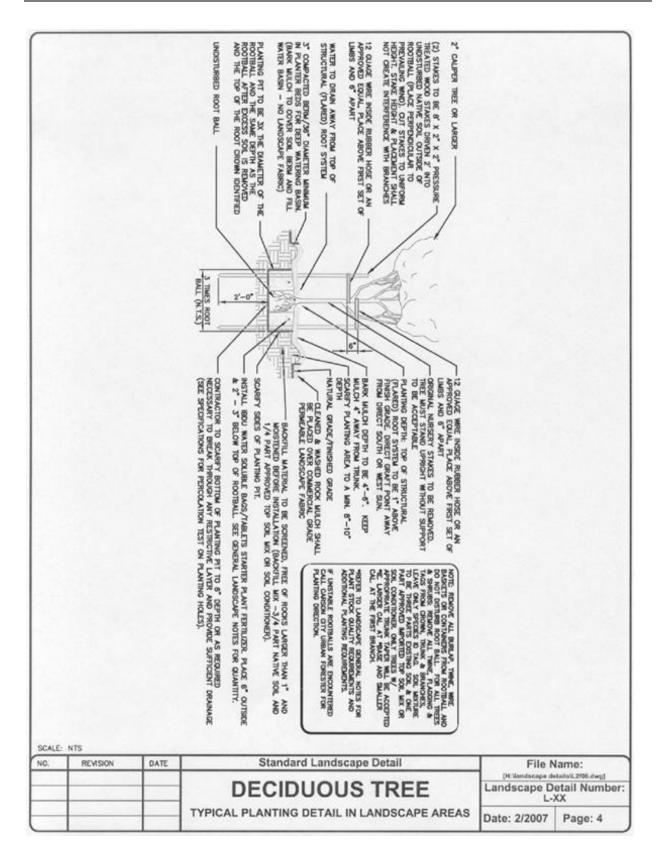
SHOULD DISCREPANCIES ARISE BETWEEN THESE PLANS AND ACTUAL FIELD CONDITIONS WHICH REQUIRE FIELD MODIFICATIONS OR PLAN REVISIONS, THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, DESIGN PROFESSIONAL, OR OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE SHALL BE CONTACTED PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION FOR RESOLUTION OR PLAN REVISION.

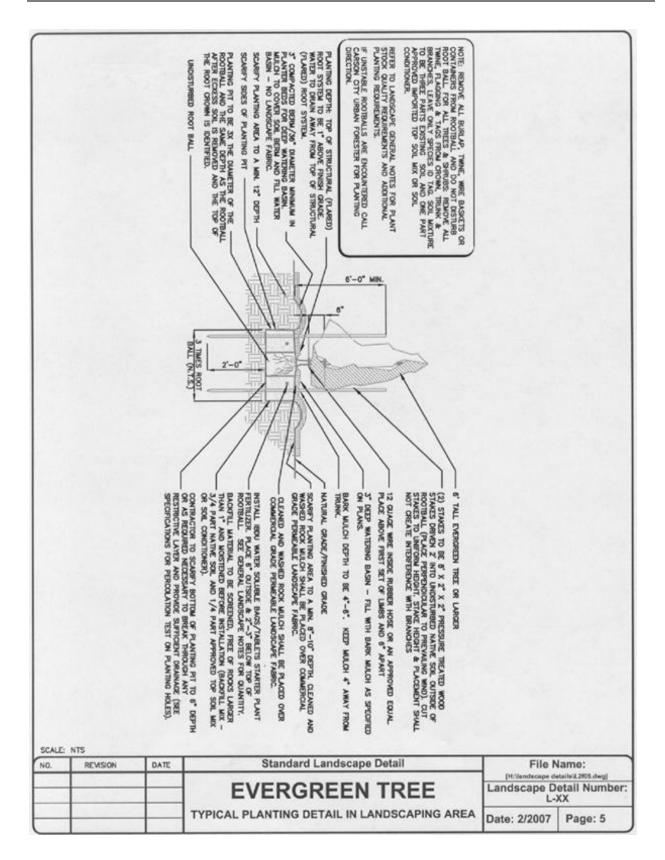
DO NOT WILLFULLY INSTALL THE IRRIGATION SYSTEM AS SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS WHEN IT IS OBVIOUS IN THE FIELD THAT UNKNOWN OBSTRUCTIONS, GRADE DIFFERENCES OR DIFFERENCES IN THE AREA DIMENSIONS EXIST THAT MIGHT NOT HAVE BEEN CONSIDERED IN THE DESIGN. SUCH OBSTRUCTIONS OR DIFFERENCES SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO THE ATTENTION OF THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT, DESIGN PROFESSIONAL, OR THE OWNERS REPRESENTATIVE. IN THE EVENT THIS NOTIFICATION IS NOT PERFORMED, THE CONTRACTOR SHALL ASSUME FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR ANY REVISIONS NECESSARY.

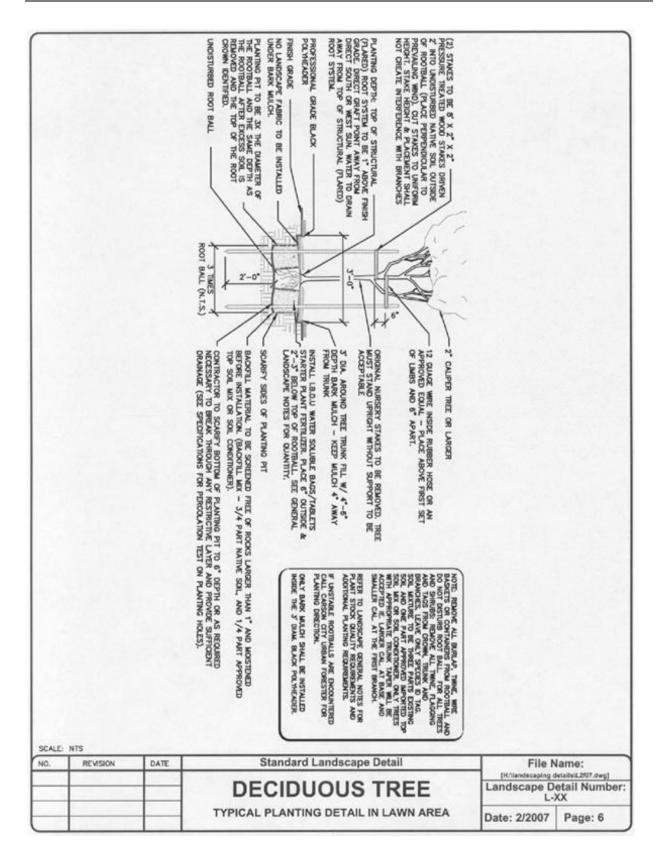
THE IRRIGATION CONTROLLER SHALL BE WIRED DIRECTLY TO A 110 VOLT POWER SOURCE. IT SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE CONTRACTOR TO PROVIDE IRRIGATION CONTROLLER WIRING TO THE POWER SOURCE. CONNECTING THE CONTROLLER TO THE POWER SOURCE SHALL BE THE RESPONSIBILITY OF A LICENSED ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR. THE INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL ELECTRICAL CODE AND ANY LOCAL CODES OR ORDINANCES THAT APPLY. IT SHALL BE THE ELECTRICAL CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO COORDINATE THE POWER SOURCE AND EXACT LOCATION OF THE CONTROLLER WITH OWNER'S REPRESENTATIVE.

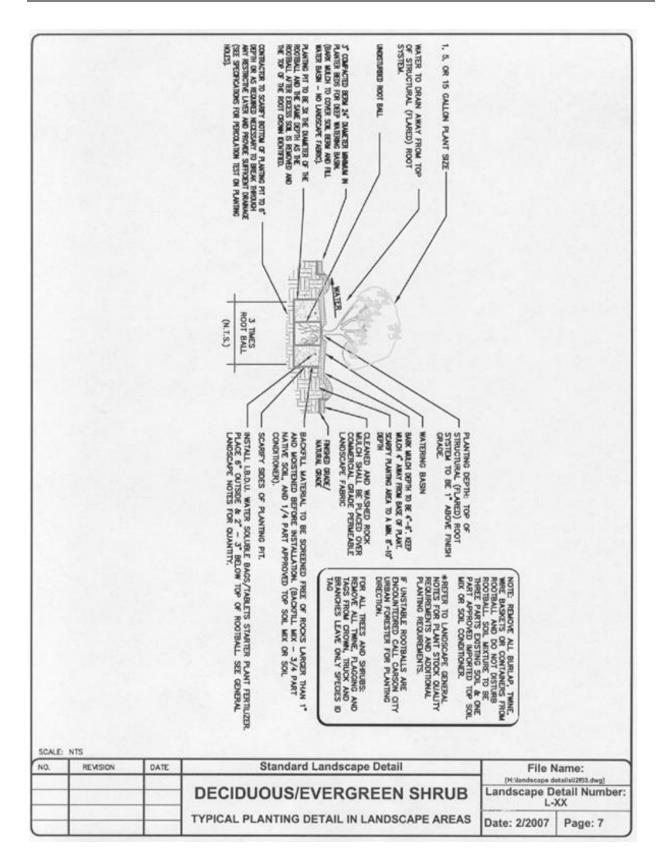
SCALE	NTS				
SCALE:		DATE	Standard Irrigation Detail	File	Name:
	-	DATE	Standard Irrigation Detail	Pl.Vandscape detaileVP	URIGATION NOTES.dwg)
	-	DATE	Standard Irrigation Detail GENERAL IRRIGATION NOTES	Di Vandecape detallet# Landscape D	URIGATION NOTES.dwg

		NT LIST EXAMPLE		5/2006	
TREE	LEGEND				
QUANTITY	SYMBOL	COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME	SIZE	SPACING	
9		CHANTICLEER FLOWERING PEAR Pyrus colleryons 'Chanticleer'	Z" CAL	40 FEET ON CENTER	
4	в	BLOODGOOD JAPANESE MAPLE Ager palmetum "Bloodgood"	2" CAL	AS PER PLANS	
15	c	NORTHERN RED OAK Quercus rubro	2" CAL	40 FEET ON CENTER	
5	o	BLUE ASH Fraxinus quadranguiata	2" CAL	40 FEET ON CENTER	
3	£	BACHERI BLUE SPRUCE Pices pungens "Botheri"	6" TALL (MIN.)	15 FEET ON CENTER	
	,	BLIE HAMON JUNIPER	O' TALL (MIN.)	8 FEET ON CENTER	
SHRUE	B/ PERE	NT LIST EXAMPLE	1	5/2006	
				5/2006	
			SIZE	5/2006 SPACING	
SHRUE	B/ PERE	NNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME	SIZE 5 GAL		
SHRUE	3/ PERE	NNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME JAPANESE REDLEAF BARBERRY Berberts thunbergil "Atropurgures" ROCK COTONEASTER		SPACING	
SHRUE QUANTITY 120	B/ PERE SYMBOL	ENNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME JAPANESE REDLEAF BARBERRY Berberts thunbergil "Atropurgures" ROCK COTONEASTER Cotonesster horizontalle	5 GAL	SPACING & FEET ON CENTER	
SHRUE QUANTITY 120 15	3/ PERE SYMBOL M BB	NNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME JAPANESE REDLEAF BARBERRY Berberls thunbergil "Atropurpures" ROCK COTONEASTER Cotonesister horizontalis DWARF ORECON GRAFE Methods equilibilium "Compacte"	S GAL	SPACING 6 feet on conter 6 feet on conter	
SHRUE QUANTITY 120 15 207	3/ PERE SYMBOL M BB CC	NNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME JAPANESE REDLEAF BARBERRY Berberis thurbergil "Atropurpures" ROCK COTOREASTER Cotoreaster horizontalis Disate orecon grape Methodis equilatium "Compacts" SUTTER'S COLD POTIENTILA Potentilla Truticoso Sutter's Gold VARHOUTTE SPIREA	S GAL S GAL S GAL	SPACING 6 FEET ON CENTER 6 FEET ON CENTER 4 FEET ON CENTER	
SHRUE QUANTITY 120 15 207 109	B PERE SYMBOL M BB CC CC	ENNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME JAPANESE REDLEAF BARDERRY Berberls thunbergil 'Atropurpures' ROCK COTONEASTER Cotonesster horizontalis DWARE ORECON GRAFE Methods equilibilium 'Compacts' SUTTER'S COLD POTIENTILA Potentilla Thuilcose Sutter's Gold' VANHOUTTE SPIREA Spirese vanhouital DWARE MUCHO PINE	S GAL S GAL S GAL S GAL	SPACING 6 FEET ON CONTER 6 FEET ON CONTER 4 FEET ON CONTER 4 FEET ON CONTER	
SHRUE QUANTITY 120 15 207 109 11	SYMBOL AM BB CC CC CC CC	ENNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME UAPANESE REDIEAF BARBERRY Berberts thunbergil 'Atropurgures' ROCK COTONEASTER Cotonesister horizontalis DWARF ORECON GRAFE Methola sepatibilum 'Compacts' SUTTER'S GOLD POTENTILA Potentilis truitices Sutter's Gold' VANHOUTE SPIETA Spires vanhoutes DWARF MUCHO PINE Phus mucho migo RED-HOT POKER	S GAL S GAL S GAL S GAL S GAL	SPACING 6 FEET ON CENTER 6 FEET ON CENTER 4 FEET ON CENTER 6 FEET ON CENTER 6 FEET ON CENTER	
SHRUE QUANTITY 120 15 207 109 11 3	SYMBOL AA BB CC CC CC FF	NNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME JAPANESE REDLEAF BARBERRY Berberis thurbergil "Atropurpurse" ROCK COTOREASTER Cotoneester horizontalis DWARF ORECON GRAPE Methodia equilibilium "Compacte" SUTTER'S COLD POTENTILLA Potentilia fruiticoes Sutter's Gold' VARHOUTTE SPIREA Spirese vanhouttel DWARF MUCHO PINE Pinus mucho PINE	S GAL S GAL S GAL S GAL S GAL S GAL	SPACING 6 FEET ON CENTER 6 FEET ON CENTER 4 FEET ON CENTER 6 FEET ON CENTER 5 FEET ON CENTER 5 FEET ON CENTER	
SHRUE QUANTITY 120 15 207 109 11 3 55	SYMBOL AA BB CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC	COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME JAPANESE REDLEAF BARBERRY Berberis thurbergi "Atropurpurse" ROCK COTONEASTER Cotoneoster horizontalis DWARE ORECON GRAFE Methods equilibrium "Compacts" SUTTER'S CALD POTENTILLA Potentila multicosa Sutter's Gold" VANHOUTTE SPIREA Spirese vanhouttel DWARE MUCHO PINE Phrus mucho Pine Phrus mucho Pine Phrus mucho Pine Phrus mucho Stater MOORBEAM CORECOPSS Coreopails Ionceolato "Moonbeam" DAY LILLES (MORE COLOHS)	5 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 1 GAL	SPACING 8 FEET ON CENTER 6 FEET ON CENTER 4 FEET ON CENTER 8 FEET ON CENTER 5 FEET ON CENTER 3 FEET ON CENTER 3 FEET ON CENTER	
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SHRUE QUANTITY 120 15 207 109 11 3 55 30 27	SYMBOL AA BB CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC CC	NNIAL LEGEND COMMON/ BOTANICAL NAME UAPANESE REDIEAF BARDERRY Berberts thunbergil 'Atropurpures' ROCK COTONEASTER Cotonesister horizontalis DWARF OREGON GRAFE Methodia equilibilium 'Compacta' SUTTER'S GOLD POTENTILA Potentilla multicosa Sutter's Gold' VANHOUTTE SPIECA Spireco wonhouttal DWARF MUCHO PINE Phuse mugo mugo RED-HOT POKER Knightofia uvarie MOONBEAM COREOPSIS Careopale Isonceolatis 'Moonbeam' DAY LILLES (MORED COUCHS)	5 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 5 GAL 1 GAL 1 GAL 1 GAL	SPACING 6 FEET ON CENTER 6 FEET ON CENTER 4 FEET ON CENTER 4 FEET ON CENTER 5 FEET ON CENTER 3 FEET ON CENTER 2 FEET ON CENTER 3 FEET ON CENTER 3 FEET ON CENTER	

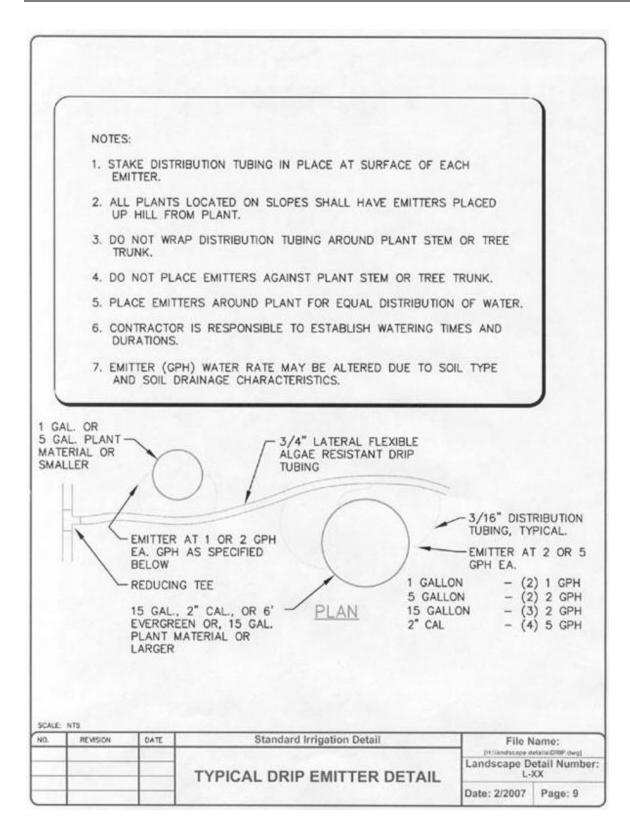


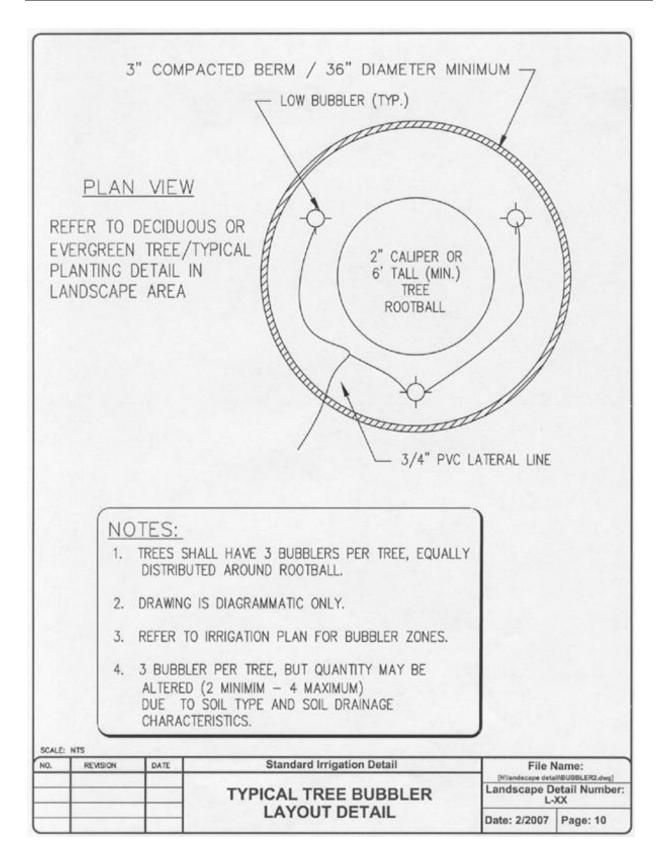


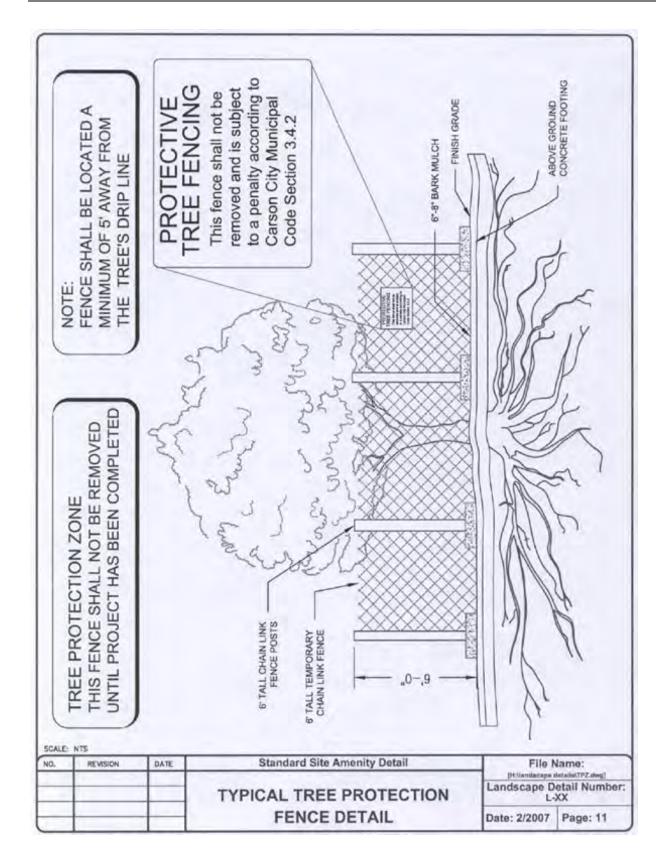


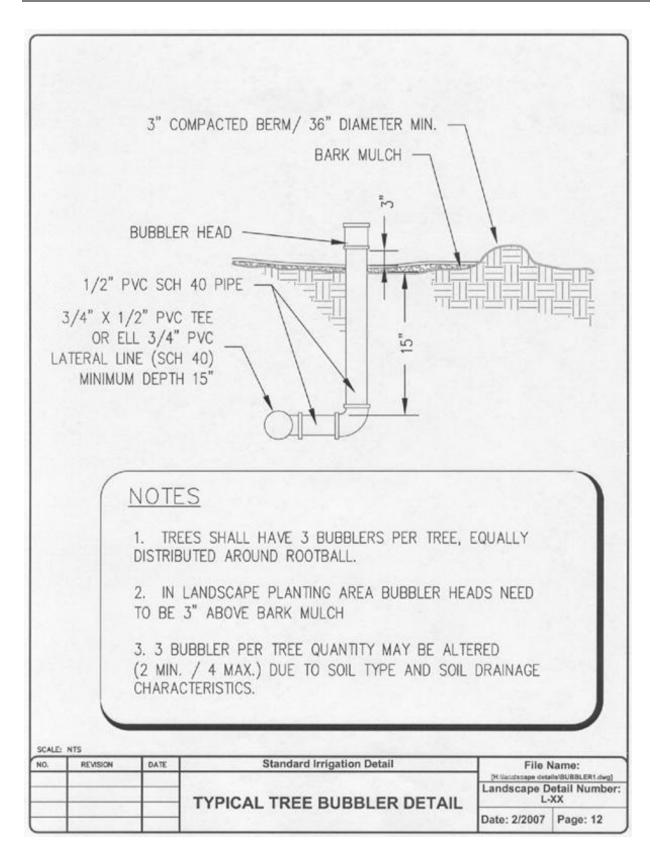


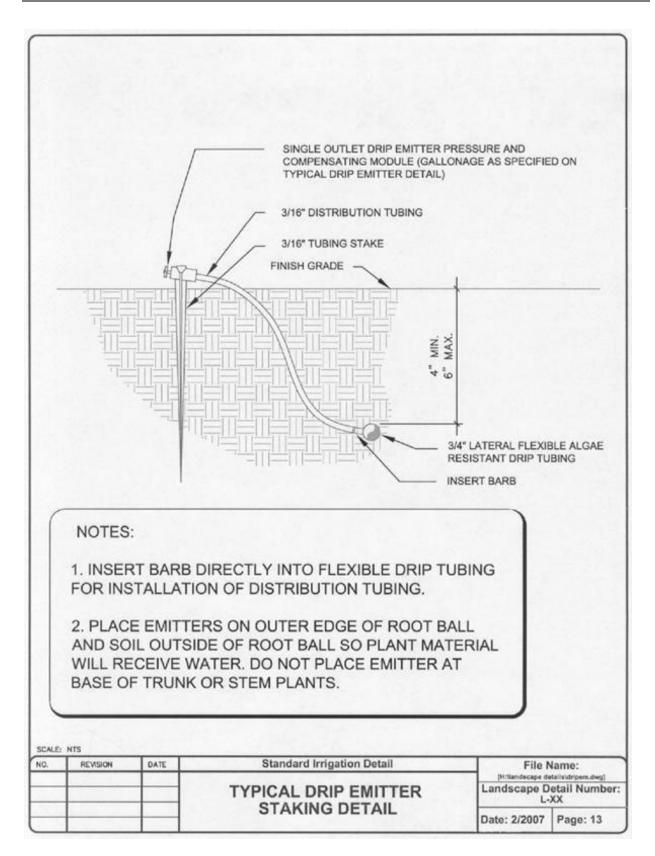
REVISION	DATE		Standa	rd Irri	gatio	n Deta				lame: NRR-LEGEND.dwg] etail Number
LE: NTS		K * IDENTIFIED LANDSCAPE SPECIFYING	THE PROPER EQ	UIPMEN	T FOR	THE INRI				
		RANBRO	XB-10 CR XB-1				SINGLE OR MULTI OUT PRESSURE COMPENSA INSTALL DRIP TO ALL	TING -		
	- 3	PEPCO	FLUSHING END C	CAP						
	-	PEPCO	3/4" DRIP TUBI	NG						
	M	RAINBIRD	XCZ-100				CONTROL ZONE KIT W ELECTRIC PLASTIC VA SYSTEM) (USE CARSO INDUSTRIES, INC. VAL' OR AN APPROVED EQ SIZE 132 × 232")	LVE (DRIP N VE BOX		
			DRIP IRRIG	ATIO	N SY	STEM	**			
	$\Theta$		GALLONS							
			EXISTING PVC IR SLEEVES INDICAT							
	_		1" - 2" DIAM. F - SIZE INDICATE	D ON	DRAWN	0S	SCHEDULE 40 PIPE	-		
			PVC MAINLINE - ON DRAWINGS			_	SCHEDULE 40 PIPE	_		
		RAINBIRD	44RC				1" QUICK COUPLING V	ALVE		
	$\bowtie$	RAINBIRD	150-PEB				1 1/2" ELECTRIC PLA VALVE (SPRAY SYSTE	⊔)		
	ф	WILKINS	500 SERIES				2" PRESSURE REDUCT			
		MUELLER	CURB AND STOP	* WAST	E VALV	E	1" VALVE (MATCH TO SIZE)			
	V	WATOURS	ATOURS ISOLATION VALVE/GATE VALVE 1 1/2" OR 2" GATE VALVE (MATCH TO MAINLINE SIZE)							
		STRONG BOX	G BOX SBBC-45 ALI 45" LONG, 29.5" HIGH, 16" WDE, (ALUMINUM INSULATED COVER, LOW PROFILE).							
-		WLKINS	S BACKFLOW PREVENTER			BACKFLOW PREVENTER (INSTALL IN STRONG BOX INSULATED BACKFLOW COVER)				
	0	RAINBIRD	1804-10F-LA	30	.57	10'	4" POP-UP SPRAY H	EAD		
	0	RAINBIRD	1804-10H-LA	30	.79	10'	4" POP-UP SPRAY H	EAD		
	D	RAINBIRD	1804-10Q-LA	30	.39	10'	4" POP-UP SPRAY H	EAD		
	-	RAINBIRD	1804-8H-FLT	30	.79	8'	4" POP-UP SPRAY H	EAD		
	h	RAINBIRD	1804-8Q-FLT	30	.39	8'	4" POP-UP SPRAY H	EAD		
	SYMBOL.	BRAND	MODEL NUMBER	P.S.I.	G.P.M.	RADIUS	COMMENTS.			

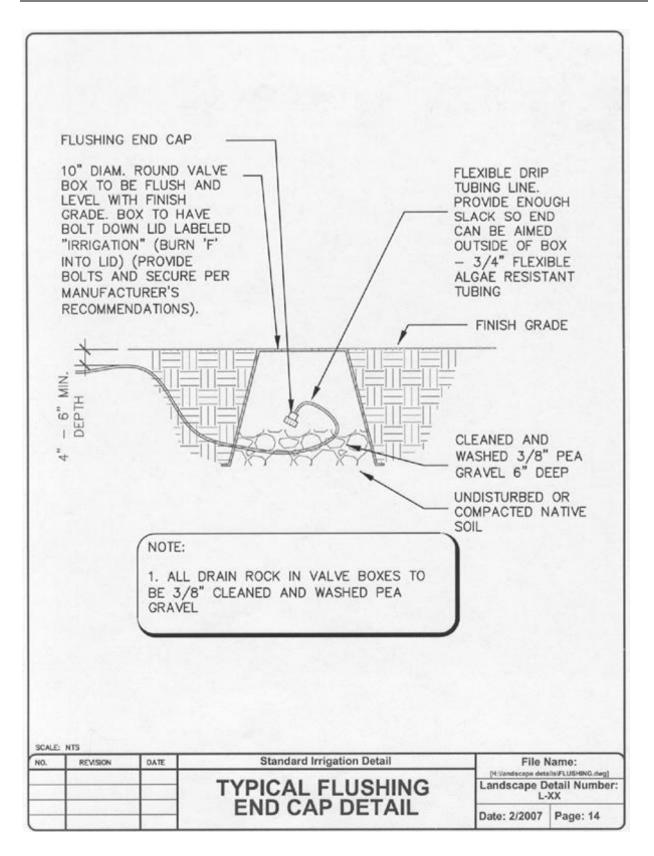


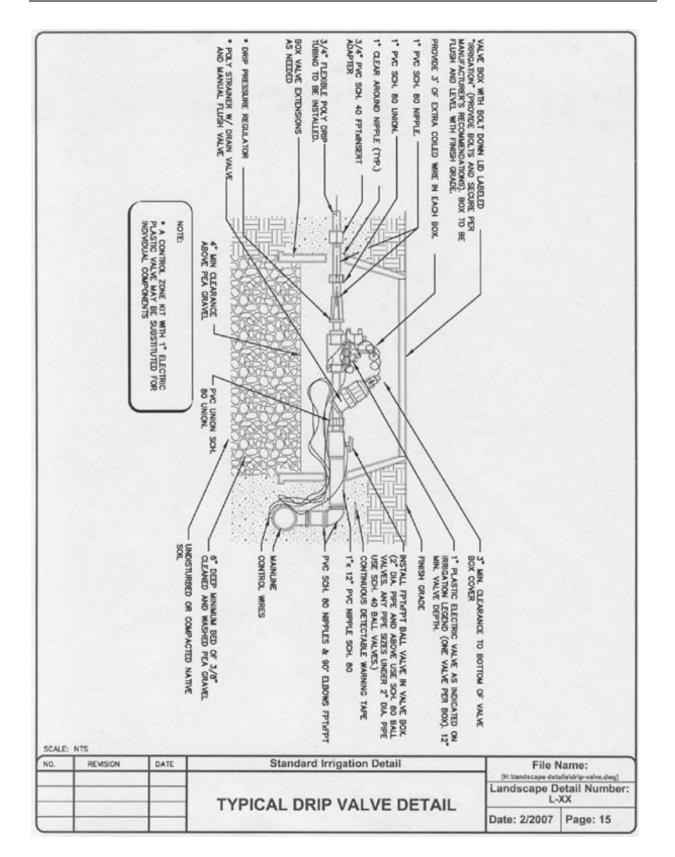


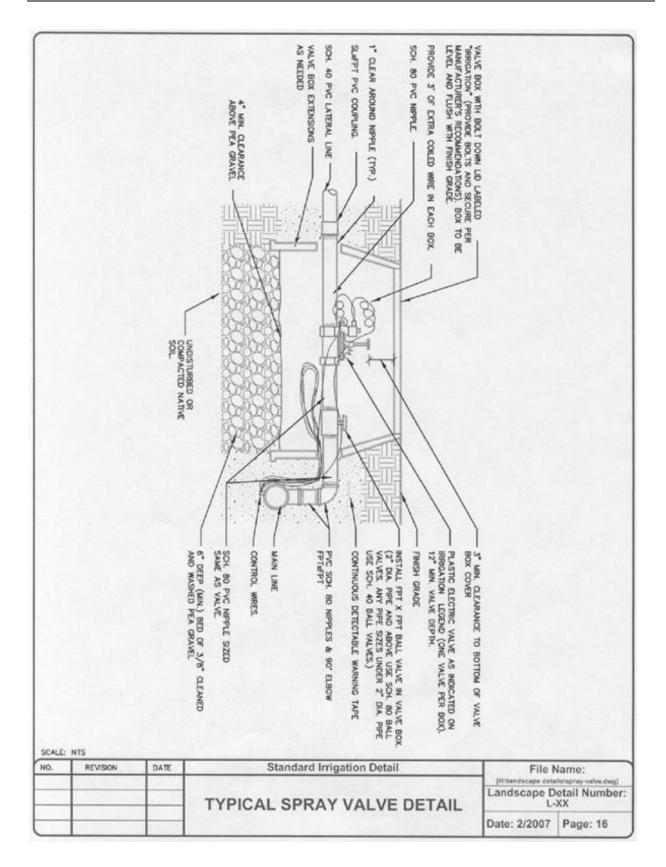


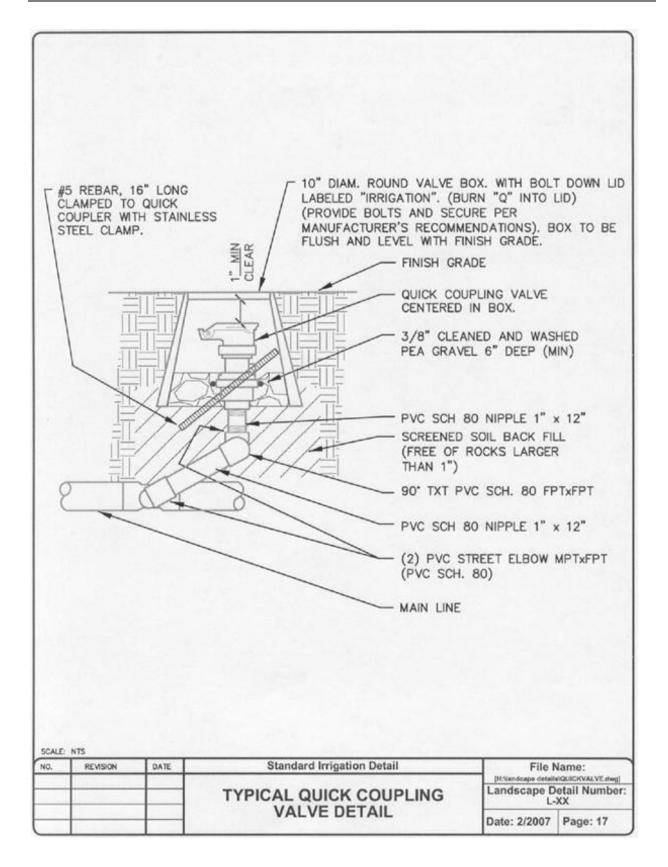


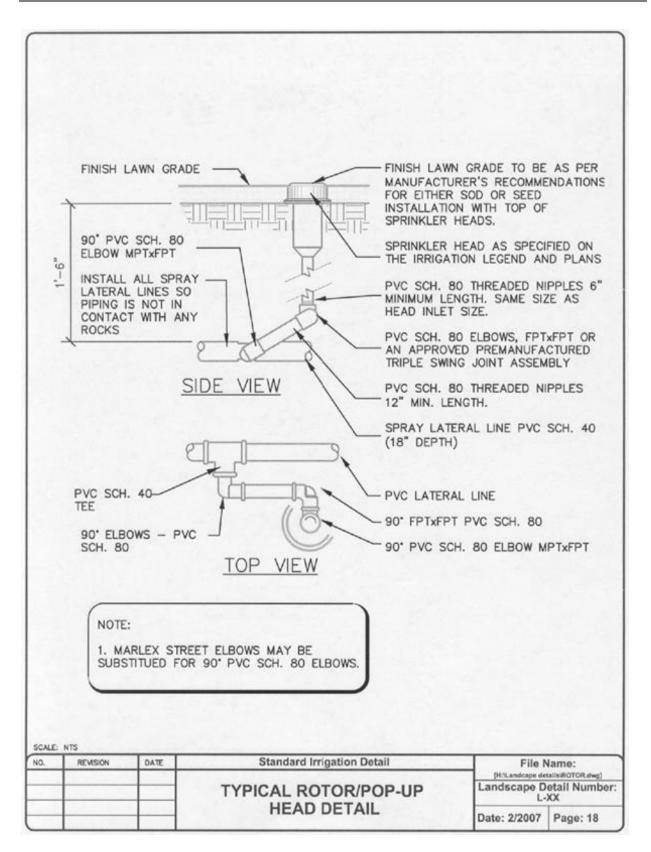


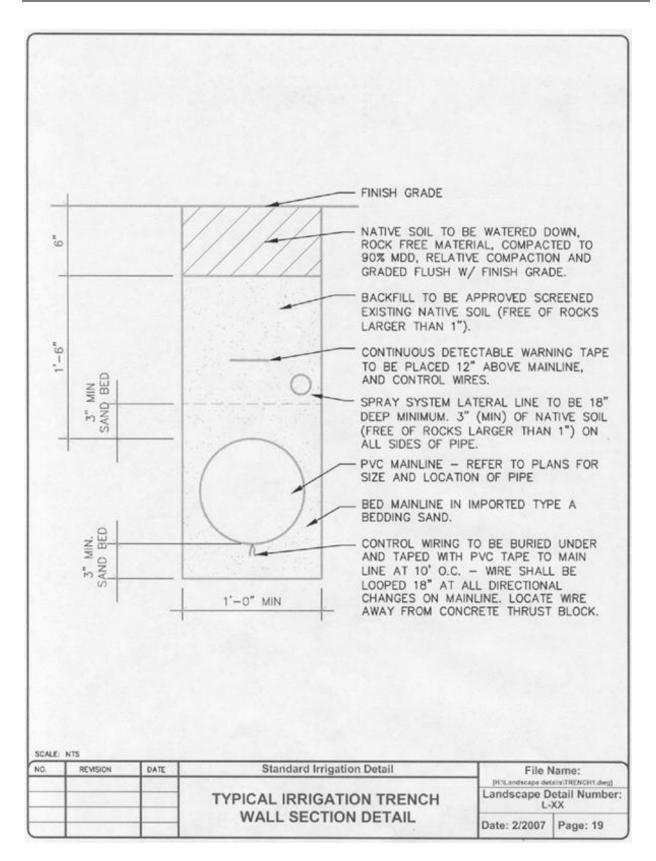


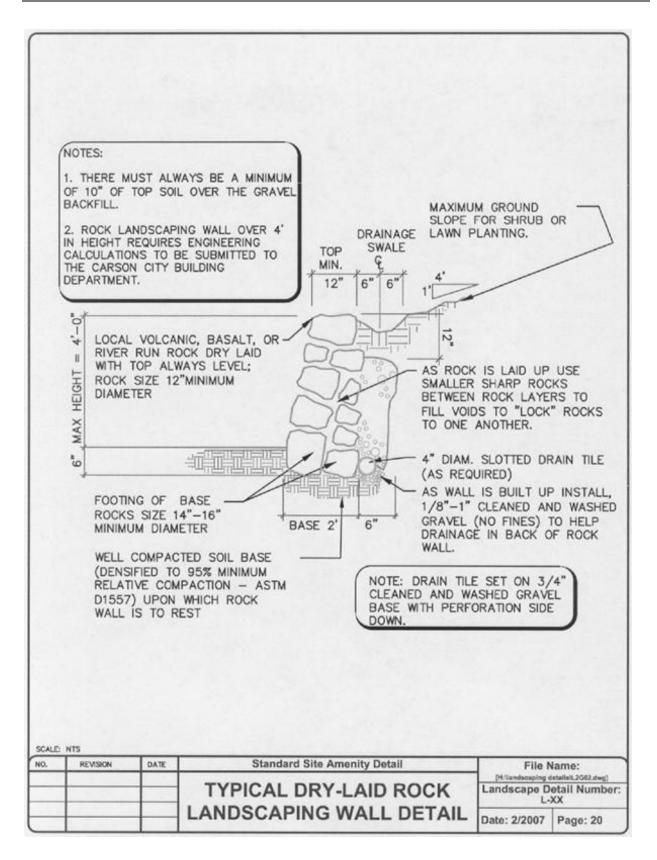


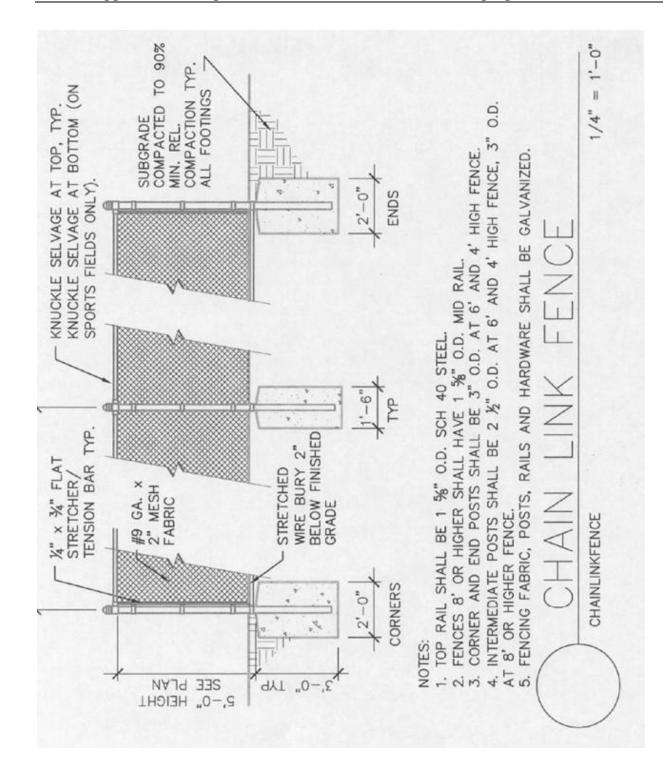


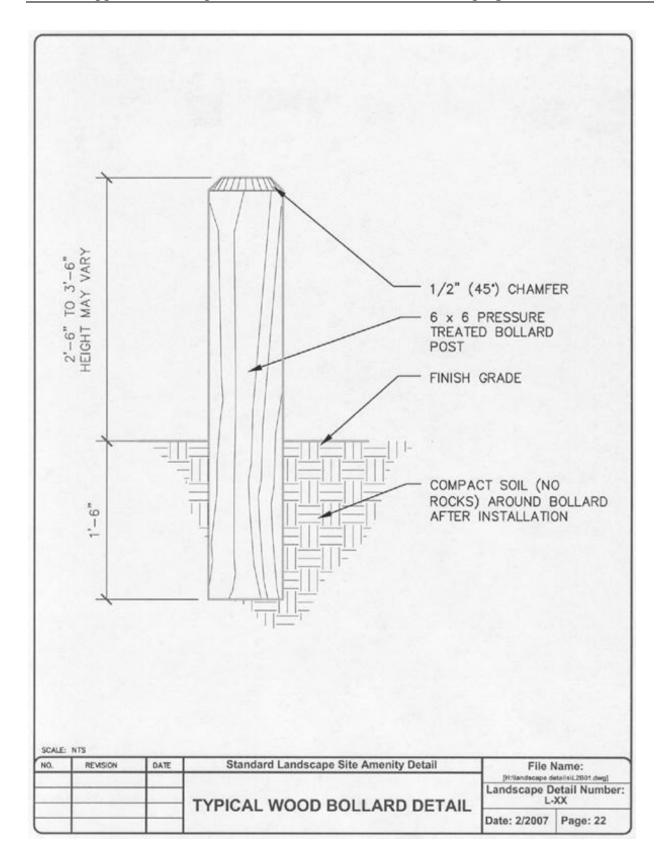


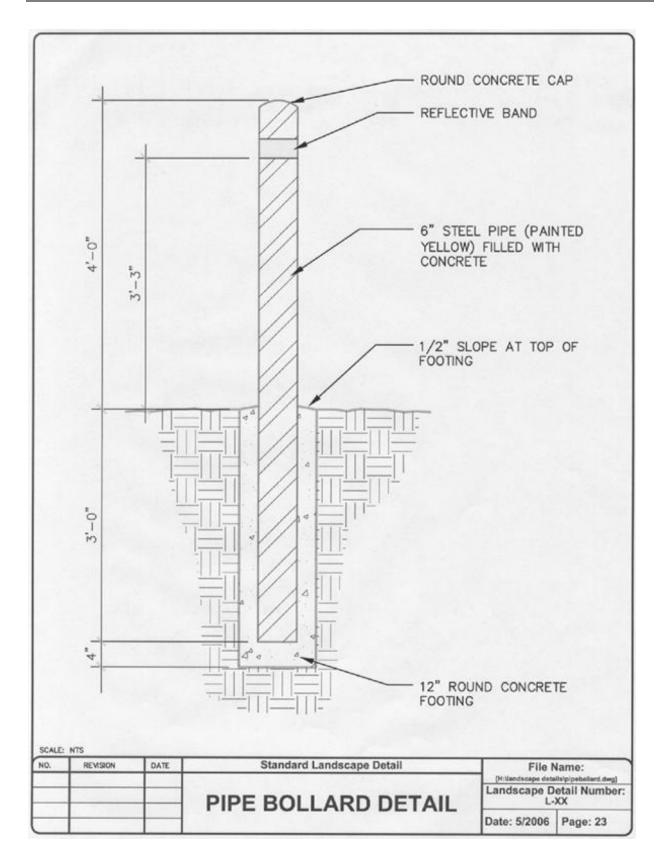


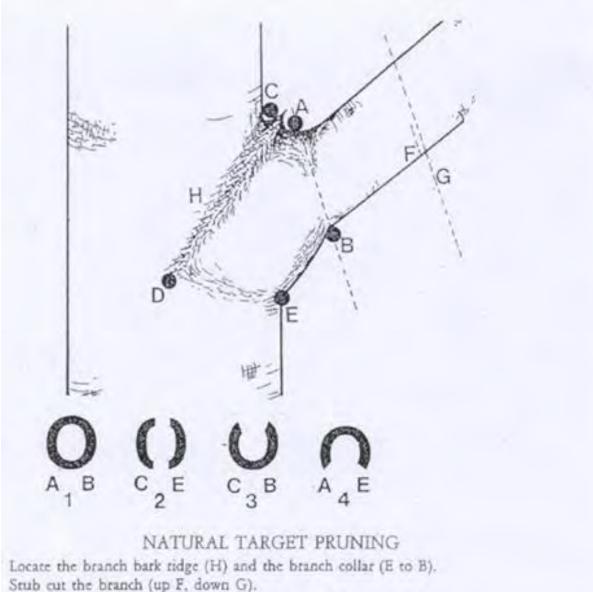












Locate points A and B where the branch meets the branch collar. Cut from A to B, or from B to A with care.

If position of B is uncertain, draw a line in your mind from A to E.

Angle EAD is approximately the same as angle EAB.

Point D is the beginning of the branch bark tidge (H).

A proper cut will result in woundwood pattern 1.

Improper cuts will result in patterns 2, 3, and 4.

Do not leave stubs.

Do not make flush cuts.

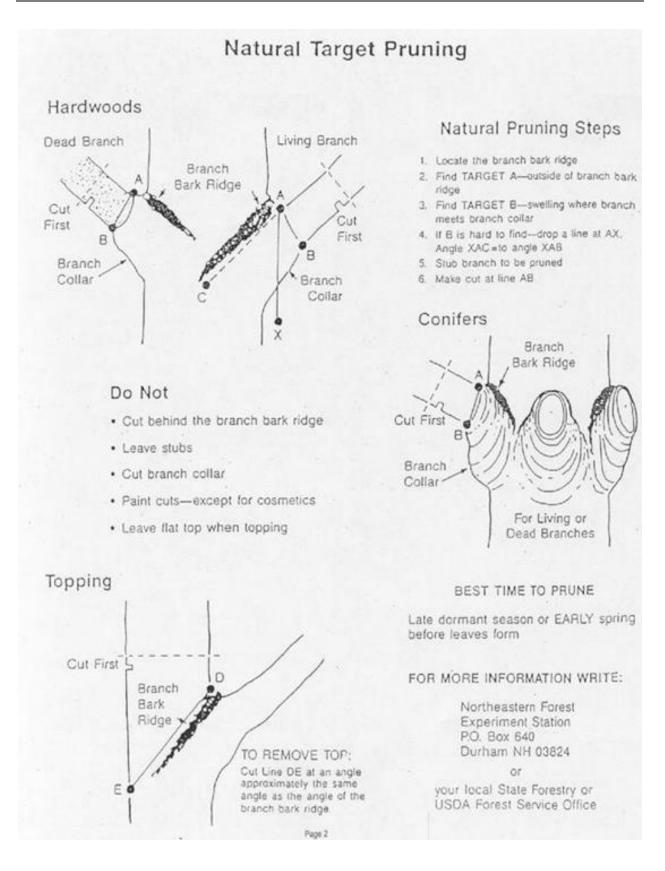
Do not paint the wounds.



COOPERATIVE EXTENSION Bringing the University to You

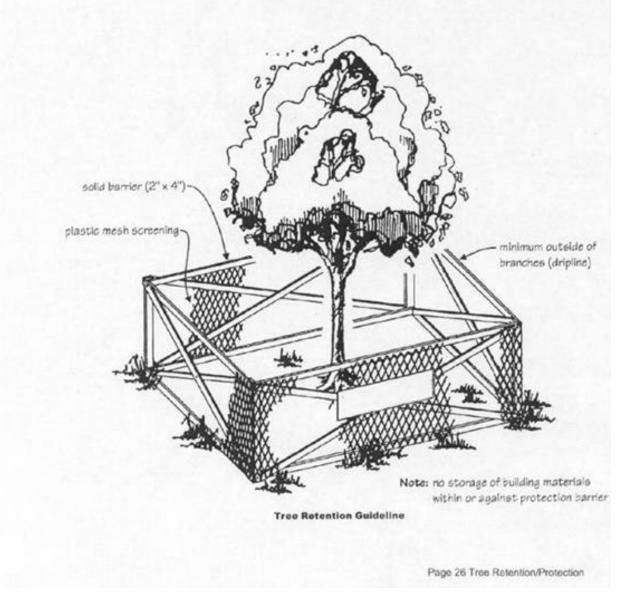
Wendy Hanson Horticulture Assistant Master Gardener Program Coordinator

5305 Mill St. + P.O. Box 11130 + Reno, NV 85525 Reno. (772) 754-4648 FAX (775) 754-4851 Careno Cry. (775) 855-5252 FAX (775) 865-5065 Garbson/Br. (775) 752-956 F-mill. homomor@auto.com.edu Ndt ster. www.schor.com.edu



#### TREE RETENTION/PROTECTION

- Where trees are to be retained on a site, protection barriers must be installed as specified in 3.4.2.
- Any required excavation in or around the protection barrier to accommodate underground services, footing, etc. should be indicated on the plan and completed by hand.
- 3) Trees inside the protection zone should be cared for throughout the construction process, i.e., they must be watered sufficiently if a portion of the tree's root system has been disturbed by excavation.
- Root and branch pruning, where necessary, must be done in accordance with 3.4.2.



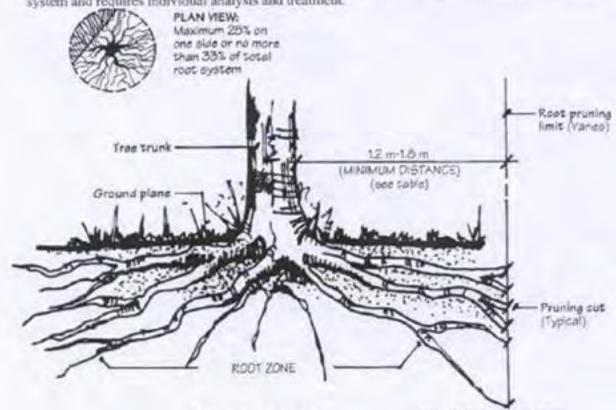
#### **Root Pruning**

Root priming is the practice of removing a portion of a tree's root system. As a first alternative, adding soil and reseeding is recommended to prevent the removal of key structural roots. However, root priming sometimes becomes necessary in order to accommodate landscape features such as walks, retaining walls, drains or utilities. Root priming may also be necessary when existing roots begin to interfere with the routine maintenance of surrounding lawns and shrub beds. For example, it would be better to remove a surface root which is continually wounded by a lawn mower blade rather than to increase potential for disease through open wounds in the root. Other reasons for root priming may include transplanting and undesirable growth patterns

The circumstances necessitating root pruning vary, but the objective of tree root pruning is always to ensure the health, stability and longevity of the tree. Therefore, major root pruning should only be done by, or in consultation with, an Arborist or other qualified landscape professional.

The following general guidelines for root pruning are provided for your convenience:

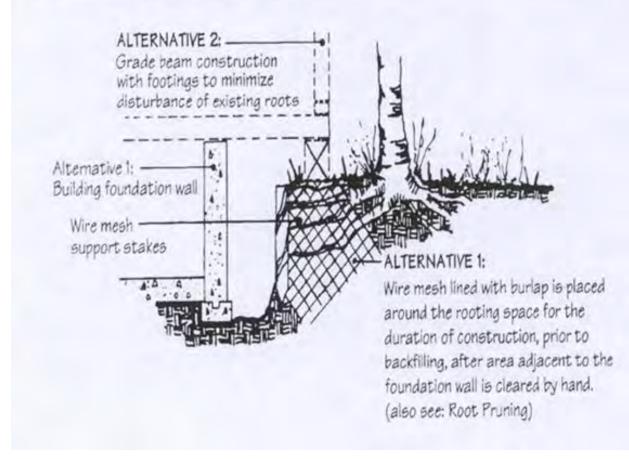
- a) A tree should be root pruned only if the problem can be solved by removing less than 33 percent of the tree's roots, with no more than 25 percent from one side.
- b) For trees 30 cm in diameter and less, roots should not be removed within 1.2 m of the outer edge of the tree base. Trees with diameters over 30 cm should be allowed an additional 30 cm for every extra 7.5 cm of trunk diameter measured at a point 1.4 m above ground. For example, a tree with a 37.5 cm diameter trunk measured 1.4 m above the ground would require a minimum 1.55 m allowance around it.
- c) Cut roots cleanly after excavation with clean, sharp tools, to promote callous formation and wound closure. Wounds may be dressed with a tree rooting hormone compound that is available at garden centres.
- Backfill the excavation as soon as possible and water the soil around roots to avoid leaving air pockets.
- e) Mix soil improvements (e.g. peat moss) with fill soil to promote new root growth, especially if the existing soil is of poor quality. The soil quality can be easily determined by using a basic soil testing kit which is readily available at most nursery supply stores. Do not add fertilizers until improved tree growth is noticed, generally after 6 to 8 weeks during a growing season. Soil testing will better determine soil deficiencies and additional amendment requirements.
- f) Surface roots which interfere with other elements in the landscape can be removed under the supervision of an Arborist or other qualified landscape professional. Each tree has a different root system and requires individual analysis and treatment.



#### **Excavation Adjacent to Retained Trees**

In cases where proposed building excavation will affect existing trees to be retained, special attention should be given to proper root pruning and care for the remaining root system. Alternatively, a post and beam structure for the building may be considered to retain the rooting space (see diagram, Alternative 2). It is important to note that most roots are located in the top 60 cm of soil, with the major roots for water and nutrients absorption in the top 20 to 30 cm.

- a) In order to minimize root damage, soil erosion and tree disturbance, a temporary root curtain<sup>2</sup> should be wrapped around the root zone to retain and protect the exposed area. The root curtain should consist of heavy wire mesh or similar material lined with burlap (to retain moisture) and supported by posts. Backfill should be used as required to ensure that none of the roots are left exposed. Only hand excavation should be used in the root zone area.
- b) It is critical that the root zone system (or roots of the tree) be kept moist by watering as required throughout the construction process.
- c) Once the foundation is ready to be backfilled, the root curtain can be carefully removed. It is of utmost importance that the area surrounding the tree be kept free of building materials, as well as pedestrian and vehicular traffic, to avoid soil compaction.
- d) Tunnelling rather than trenching should be considered when installing underground utilities and drainage lines to minimize damage to existing trees. This technique entails boring a hole under or through the root system with minimum disturbance. To ensure that the work is undertaken in the appropriate manner, a certified Arborist or similarly qualified landscape professional should be consulted if the applicant decides to use this technique.



Owner Maintenance Agreement

All landscaping, irrigation and screening shall be maintained at all times to conform to the regulations of Development Standards Division 3 Landscaping. Landscaping and related equipment including, but not limited to, trees, shrubs, plants, screens, walkways, benches, fountains and irrigation systems shall be maintained by the present or subsequent owner of the property. The owner of the property is responsible for maintaining or assuring the ongoing maintenance of installed landscaping so that the landscaping continues to thrive. Each owner shall be required at all times to keep all landscaping materials in good health, repair and maintenance.

The City may require the immediate replacement of any and all dead or damaged plant materials at any time. If any portion of the landscaping material or irrigation equipment is dead, dying, damaged, destroyed or otherwise affected, the owner of the development project shall replace or repair the damaged or affected material within thirty days following notification from the Director. If the season of the year makes this repair or replacement impractical within the thirty-day period, the person responsible for the landscaping shall submit a letter of request to the Director asking for a delay to replace materials and shall submit a time frame for the accomplishment of this work. If the repair or replacement is not accomplished in a timely fashion the Director may initiate proceedings to revoke the special use permit or business license for the subject use.

Signature of Owner

Date

# Carson City Tree List for Commercial Projects

Species and Varieties Appropriate for Proposed Site That Are Not on This List Are Subject to Approval, Not Including Accent Trees

# Deciduous

Small Tree - Less than 30 feet (single stern)

ACER ginnala 'Flame'

- \* AMELANCHIER species varieties CARPINUS caroliniana CATALPA bignonloides 'Nana'
- \* CRATAEGUS species thornless varieties FRAXINUS pennsylvanica 'Johnson' KOELREUTERIA paniculata
- \* MALUS species varieties
- \* PRUNUS maackii
- \* PRUNUS padus
- \* PRUNUS virginiana 'Canada Red' SORBUS americana 'Dwarfcrown'

Medium Tree - 30 feet to less than 50 feet tail

ACER fremanii 'Jeffersred'

- \* ACER negundo 'Sensation' ACER nigrum 'Greencolumn'
- \* ACER platanoides varieties ACER pseudoplatanus varieties
- \* ACER rubrum varieties ACER saccharum 'Green Mountain' CARPINUS betulus varieties CATALPA speciosa CELTIS occidentalis CELTIS reticulata
- \* FRAXINUS americana varieties FRAXINUS excelsior FRAXINUS ornus
- FRAXINUS pennsylvanica varieties FRAXINUS quadrangulata
- \* GLEDITSIA triacanthos inermis varieties GYMNOCLADUS dioicus
- \* PYRUS calleryana varieties

Amur Maple Serviceberry American Hornbeam Umbrella Catalpa Hawthom Leprechaun Green Ash Goldenrain Tree Flowering Crabapple (<1\* size fruit) Amur Chokecherry European Bird Cherry Canada Red Chokecherry Red Cascade Mountain Ash

Autumn Blaze Maple Sensation Box Elder Greencolumn Maple Norway Maple Sycamore Maple Red Maple Sugar Maple European Hornbeam Northern Cataloa Common Hackberry Western Hackberry White Ash European Ash Flowering Ash Green Ash Blue Ash **Thomless Honeylocust** Kentucky Coffeetree Callery Pear

- Carson City Historic District Preferred Tree

QUERCUS lobata QUERCUS robur 'Fastigiata'

- \* ROBINIA x ambigua 'Idaho'
- SORBUS aucuparia varieties
- \* TILIA cordata varieties TILIA tomentosa varieties

Large Tree - 50 feet or greater

- \* PLATANUS occidentalis
- \* PLATANUS x acerifolia 'Bloodgood'
- \* QUERCUS coccinea QUERCUS douglasii QUERCUS macrocarpa QUERCUS robur 'Fastigiata'
- \* QUERCUS rubra TILIA americana varieties ZELKOVA serrata

### Evergreen

Small Tree - Less than 30 feet (single stem)

\* PINUS mugo PINUS thumbergiana

Medium Tree - 30 feet to less than 50 feet tall

- \* JUNIPERUS species varieties
- PICEA pungens varieties PINUS aristata
   PINUS edulis
   PINUS monophylla
   PINUS nigra
   PINUS sylverstris

Large Tree - 50 feet or greater

- \* ABIES concolor
- \* CALOCEDRUS decurrens CEDRUS atlantica
- PICEA pungens
  PINUS contorta latifolia
- \* PINUS jeffreyi
- \* PINUS ponderosa SEQUOIADENDRON giganteum

Valley Oak Skyrocket English Oak Idaho Locust Mountain Ash Littleleaf Linden Silver Linden

American Sycamore London Planetree Scarlet Oak Blue Oak Bur Oak Columnar English Oak Red Oak American Linden Sawleaf Zelkova

Swiss Mountain Pine Japanese Black Pine

- Juniper tree Spruce Bristlecone Pine Two-Needle Pinyon Pine Single-Leaf Pinyon Pine Austrian Pine Scotch Pine
- White Fir Incense Cedar Atlas Cedar Colorado Spruce Lodgepole Pine Jeffrey Pine Ponderosa Pine Giant Sequoia

\* - Carson City Historic District Preferred Tree

# Carson City Riparian Area List

#### Scientific Name

#### Common Name

# Tree

ACER negundo ALNUS incana spp. tenuifolia ALNUS rubra ALNUS sinuata **BETULA** occidentalis CRATAEGUS douglasli POPULOUS fremontii POPULUS angustifolia POPULUS balsamifera spp. Trichocarpa **POPULUS tremulides** PRUNUS virginiana 'Canada Red' SALIX alba SALIX amygdaolodes SALIX nigra SALIX prolixa SAMBUCUS coerulea

Boxelder Thinleaf Alder Red Alder Sitka Alder Water (Black) Birch Black/Douglas Hawthorn Cottonwood Narrowleaf Cottonwood Black Cottonwood Quaking Aspen Canada Red Chokecherry White Willow Peachleaf Willow Black Willow Mackenzie Willow Blue Elderberry

# Carson City Riparian Area List

Scientific Name

### Common Name

# Shrub

CORNUS sericea **ELAEGNUS** commutata PENTAPHYLLOIDES floribunda PHILADELPHUS lewisii RHUS tribobata **RIBES** aureum **RIBES** cereum ROSA woodsii SALIX bebbiana SALIX boothii SALIX drummondiana SALIX exigua ssp. Exigua SALIX exigua ssp. Melanopsis SALIX geyerlana SALIX lemmonil SALIX lutea SALIX lutia spp. Lasiandra SALIX planifolia var. planifolia SALIX scouleriana SALIX sitchensis SAMBUCUS racemosa spp. Pubens SHEPHERDIA argentea SYMPHORICARPOS albus

Redosier Dogwood Silverberry Shrubby Cinquefoil (Mockorange) Syringa Skunkbush Sumac Golden Current Wax (Squaw) Current Wood's Rose Bebb Willow Booth Willow Drummond Willow Coyote Willow Coyote Willow Geyer Willow Lemmon Willow Yellow Willow Pacific (Whiplash) Willow Planeleaf Willow Scouler Willow Sitka Willow Red Elderberry Silver Buffaloberry Common Snowberry